



Inspection Report

Teresa Graham
Graham'S Kennels
523 Ringneck Road
Garvin OK 74736

Customer ID: 8302

Certificate: 73-A-2023

Site: 001

TERESA.GRAHAM

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jul-07-2015

PART
2 of 2

3.6 (a) (1)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

At time of inspection a wire divider of chain link fencing between two of the enclosures was not securely fastened. The affected area was on the outside of the whelping building. In this case, the wire itself had broken. The loose divider could potentially allow an animal to escape into the next enclosure. All structures must be kept in good repair. This wire divider must be reattached or replaced. This affects one animal. To be corrected by 07-30-15.

3.11 (c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

At time of inspection there were cobwebs, dust and dog hair collecting on interior walls and the enclosures. The affected areas are located throughout the whelping facility. It indicates unsanitary living conditions exist that could impact the health and well being of the dogs. It indicates a potential living area exists for other pests. The licensee must ensure all areas of the facility are kept clean to facilitate normal husbandry practices. This affects forty five dogs. To be corrected by 07-25-15.

An exit briefing was conducted with Cathy Niebrugge, ACI and facility representative.

cobwebs,
dust,
dust
dog
hair

throughout
whelping
facility.

Prepared By:

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A.C.I.

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4031

Date:

Jul-16-2015

Received By:

(b) (6), (b) (7) (c)

Date:

Jul-16-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Darla Hilton
Robert Hilton
Route 5 Box 547
426 Gardenia Road
Broken Bow, OK 74728

Customer ID: 29315
Certificate: 73-A-2652
Site: 001

DARLA HILTON & ROBERT HILTON

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Jan-14-2014

2.40 (b) (4)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Sections 2.40 b 4 - Vet Care

***** The attending veterinarian's contact phone number was not provided on the PVC. Safeguard used for cattle and horses was being used as a wormer and was not labeled with the proper dosage for the dogs. The method of euthanasia was not provided by the attending veterinarian on the PVC. Adequate guidance on the dosage amounts also needs to be provided for the Licensee by the attending veterinarian. The dosage requirements for medications and dewormers that are not labeled for dogs also needs to be recorded on the PVC for each particular drug to avoid overdosing. The Licensee needs to contact the attending veterinarian and have the appropriate incomplete sections on the PVC filled out and documented. To be corrected by 02-14-14.

Medicine
meant
for
cattle
&
horses
used
on
dogs

3.6 (a) (1)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

Sec. 3.6 a 1 - Primary enclosures

Primary enclosures for dogs and cats must meet the following minimum requirements:

(a) General requirements: (1) Primary enclosures must be designed and constructed of suitable materials so that they are structurally sound. The primary enclosures must be kept in good repair.

***** At the time of the inspection the outdoor sheltered kennel had items that were in need of repair or maintenance to keep the items structurally sound and in good repair.

1. The chainlink divider between two enclosures has tilted out of the ground and become twisted. This could cause injury to the dogs. The chainlink needs to be replaced. This will make the fence structurally sound and prevent possible injury. To be corrected by 01-20-14.

chainlink
Divider
Tilted
out
of
ground
&
twisted

Prepared By:

BRITTANY LIGHT, A C I

Title:

BRITTANY LIGHT

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector: 6075

Jan-15-2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jan-15-2014



Inspection Report

2. The overlapping cattle panel divider between two enclosures has come apart creating a gap between the two cattle panels. This gap could create too much space so that a dog could become caught or trapped between the two panels. These panels need to be fastened together so that there isn't a gap or unwanted opening. To be corrected by 01-20-14

3.9 (b)

FEEDING.

Section 3.9 b - If the food receptacles are not disposable, they must be kept clean and must be sanitized in accordance with of this subpart.

....The plastic and metal feeders in the sheltered outdoor enclosures are dirty and have an accumulation of caked or grime. All of these food receptacles need to be cleaned and sanitized to remove the buildup of dirt and grime. Food receptacles that cannot be adequately cleaned and sanitized could increase the risk of contamination and molding of the food and affect the health and well-being of the dogs by creating breeding environments for pests and bacterial growth. The licensee must repair or replace these receptacles to ensure that they can be adequately cleaned and sanitized at all times. The licensee must establish and maintain a program to ensure that all food receptacles are maintained at all times to ensure adequate cleaning and sanitization can be accomplished. To be corrected by 01-17-14

dog
feeders
are
dirty
& have
accumulation
of caked
on
grime.

An exit briefing was conducted with the facility representative.

Prepared By:

BRITTANY LIGHT, A C I

BRITTANY N LIGHT

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6075

Date:

Jan-15-2014

Received By:

(b)(6),(b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jan-15-2014



Inspection Report

Joette Peterson
44044 283 St
Freeman, SD 57029

Customer ID: 29263

Certificate: 46-A-0377

Site: 001

JOETTE PETERSON

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jan-13-2016

3.4 (b) (4)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

* The enclosures, housing seven adult dogs have no bedding in their shelters and there is no additional heat source. The ambient temperature at the time of inspection was 35.9 degrees. The dogs' health and well-being can be affected by the cold temperatures.

All dogs must have clean dry bedding and or additional heat source to provide comfort during the cold ambient temperatures. Thus, promote the health and well-being of the animals.

To be corrected by, 14-January-2016.

3.11 (a)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

* The primary enclosure housing one adult dog and three puppies has an accumulation of dog hair and fecal waste. This indicates that daily spot-cleaning and sanitization is not happening. Therefore, increasing the potential for disease hazards, insects, pests and odors.

All primary enclosures must be spot-cleaning daily to prevent an accumulation of feces and waste and to reduce the potential for disease hazards, insects, pests and odors.

To be corrected by, 14-January-2016.

This inspection and exit interview was conducted with the facility representative, Karl Thornton (ACI) and Randall Wagner (ACI).

NO
Bedding
in
outdoor
shelters
Temperatures
35.9°F

accum
of
feces
& dog
hair
in
enclosures

Prepared By:

RANDALL WAGNER, A.C.I.

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4038

Date:

Jan-13-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jan-13-2016



Inspection Report

Jocite Peterson
44044 283 St
Friesman, SD 57029

Customer ID: 29263
Certificate: 46-A-0377
Site: 001
JOCITE PETERSON

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Aug-20-2014

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

* Two Saint Bernard dogs have open wounds, with flies on their noses. Both dogs, an approximately nine year old female (not identified) named "Freckles" and an approximately four year old female (not identified) named "Beetles" have open wounds on their muzzles, right before the wet hairless surface around the nostrils. The wounds are raw, moist, pink in color with areas of bright red color. These wounds can be painful and irritating for the dogs. Although the owner mentioned that they purchased a product to treat the wounds from the feed store, there was no documentation or communication with a veterinarian about an appropriate medication and treatment plan.

The kennel operator may have to move these dogs into an area that is free from flies until the healing is complete. The owner must have these two dogs examined by a veterinarian to help get those open wounds healed, set up a program of treatment for both dogs and administer the appropriate medication. The kennel operator must provide a treatment record and/or record of consultation with the veterinarian upon request during the next inspection. Proper treatment will minimize the pain and irritation for the dogs.

To be corrected by: 22 August 2014.

• Dogs have open wounds (raw, red) w/ flies on the wounds.

2.50 (a) (1)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

* Although the owner mentioned some of the dogs were microchip, no scanner was made available during the inspection to scan the chips of the dogs. All dogs must be microchip, tag and/or tattooed. A microchip reader must be provided if the dogs are microchip. Identification is required in order to ensure that each animal's identity can be known with certainty and to facilitate record keeping requirements.

To be corrected by: 30 September 2014.

Prepared By:

RANDALL WAGNER, A.C.I.

Title:

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4036

Date:

Aug-25-2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

Title:

Date:

Aug-25-2014



Inspection Report

2.75 (a) (1)

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

* The APHIS form 7005 (Dogs on Hand) is incomplete and inaccurate. Block A does not contain the identification of the dogs listed. Block I does not have complete addresses for eight dogs from where they were purchased or acquired. Complete and accurate records must be kept in order to ensure that each animal's identity can be known with certainty and to facilitate tracking/tracing of dogs.

To be corrected by: 15 September 2014

* APHIS forms incomplete and inaccurate

3.1 (a) (2)

REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

* Two enclosures in the old kennel building, housing four adult dogs, have flaps that are excessively chewed and torn along the sides of the flaps.

These excessively chewed and torn surfaces cannot be properly cleaning and sanitization. Improper cleaning and sanitization can increase the disease potential for the dogs housed in these enclosures. All chewed and worn surfaces that cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized must be repaired or replaced. Maintained surfaces that can be properly cleaned and sanitized will decrease the disease potential for the dogs.

* Excessively chewed enclosures

3.1 (c) (3)

REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

* Three dog doorways, inside the old kennel building, housing eight adult dogs, have an excessive accumulation of brown grime on the surfaces around the doorways.

* The whelping enclosure, housing three adult dogs and 21 puppies, has an excessive accumulation of soiled straw and waste on the floor. The soiled straw is moist in areas and mixed with waste.

* The north enclosure for the new kennel, housing one adult dog, has an accumulation brown grime on walls of the enclosure.

These mentioned surfaces indicate that daily spot-cleaning is not happening. Without proper cleaning and sanitization of the surfaces, this can increase the disease potential for the dogs. All surfaces must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized as often as necessary. This will prevent an accumulation of waste and reduce the disease hazards for the dogs.

* Excessive accumulation of brown grime, waste, soiled straw

in enclosures & on walls

Prepared By:

RANDALL WAGNER, A.C.I.

Title:

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I.
ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Inspector 4038

Date:

Aug 25 2014

Received By:

(b) (6), (b) (7) (c)

Title:

Date:

Aug 25 2014



Inspection Report

3.6

(a) (2) (i)

REPEAT

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

* Inside the old kennel opening from the doorway, enclosure three has sharp protruding wire points. These wire points are along the bottom of the chain link divider. This sharp wire points could injure the two adult dogs housed in the enclosure.

* The whelping enclosure, housing three adult dogs and 21 puppies, has a nail that is protruding outward into the enclosure. This nail is at nose and eye level for the puppies in the enclosure.

These sharp wire points must be removed. All enclosures must be maintained so that they have no sharp protruding points or edges that could injure the dogs.

3.11

(d)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

* There were numerous flies around all the enclosures that housed the dogs. Two Saint Bernards had open wounds with several flies on and around the wounds. There was no fly prevention for the flies. The flies can irritate the dogs and cause open wounds on the dogs. A fly prevention program is needed to protect health and well being of the 25 adult dogs and 24 puppies from the flies.

To be corrected by: 26 August 2014.

• Sharp
wires
protruding
wire
points
in
kennel.

• nail
protruding
outward
in
enclosure

• numerous
flies in
enclosures

This inspection and exit interview was conducted with the facility representative.

This inspection report will be sent both regular and certified mail.

Prepared By:

RANDALL WAGNER, A.C.I.

Title:

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4038

Date:

Aug-25-2014

Received By:

(b)(6),(b)(7)(C)

Title:

Date:

Aug-25-2014

Page 5 of 3



Inspection Report

Joette Peterson
44044 285 St
Freeman, SD 57029

Customer ID 29283
Certificate 46-A-0377
Site 001
JOETTE PETERSON

Type ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date Jun-04-2014

3.1 (a)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Sec. 3.1 Housing facilities, general: (a) Structure, construction

* Enclosures two and three inside the old kennel have a chain link fence divider that is coming apart at the bottom. The chain link divider is not in good repair. Where the fence is coming apart there is an approximate four inch by seven inch hole. This hole can allow for the three adult dogs to fight between enclosures and possibly get stuck in the fence from going through the hole. As a result from fighting or getting stuck in the fence, these dogs could be injured. This chain link divider must be repaired. In prevention of injury, all housing facilities must be constructed and kept in good repair.

Broken chain link fence

To be corrected by: 20-June-2014

3.1 (c) (2)

REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Sec. 3.1 Housing facilities, general: (c) Surfaces-- (2) Maintenance and replacement of surfaces.

* Two enclosures in the old kennel building have flaps that are excessively chewed and torn along the sides of the flaps. Four doorways in the old kennel building have large gaps between the wood boards for the inside framing of the dog doors. These wood boards are excessively chewed and scratched. This is exposing bare wood surfaces in these doorways. The wood framing around some of the doorways is excessively chewed and scratched.

Excessively chewed enclosures

* Four enclosures in the new dog kennel have wood surfaces that are excessively chewed and scratched. The paint is chewed or scratched off exposing bare wood on these surfaces.

These excessively chewed and scratched surfaces cannot be properly cleaned and sanitization. Improper cleaning and sanitization can increase the disease potential for the 15 adult dogs housed in these enclosures. All chewed, scratched or worn surfaces that cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized must be:

Prepared By:

RANDALL WAGNER, A.C.I.

Title:

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Inspector 4008

Date:

Jun-09-2014

Received By:

(b)(6),(b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jun-09-2014

Title:



Inspection Report

repaired or replaced. Maintained surfaces that can be properly cleaned and sanitized will decrease the disease potential for the dogs.

3.1 (c) (2)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Sec. 3.1 Housing facilities, general. (c) Surfaces--(2) Cleaning

* Inside the old kennel building, housing seven adult dogs, the concrete surfaces of the enclosures have excessive accumulation of soiled straw, pieces of carpet and brown to black grime on the surfaces. The walls and doorways have excessive accumulation of brown/black grime on the surfaces.

* The whelping enclosure, housing 17 puppies, has excessive accumulation of soiled straw and fecal waste on the floor. The soiled straw had an musty odor. The walls of the enclosure have an accumulation of brown to black grime on the surfaces.

* The new kennel, housing nine adult dogs, has an accumulation brown grime on walls of the enclosures. There is an accumulation of black grime or dirt on the concrete floor of some of the enclosures.

These mentioned surfaces indicate that daily spot cleaning is not happening. Without proper cleaning and sanitation of the surfaces, this can increase the disease potential for the dogs. All surfaces must be spot-cleaned daily and sanitized as often as necessary. This will prevent an accumulation of waste and reduce the disease hazards for the dogs.

To be corrected by: 9 June 2014.

3.6 (a) (2) (i)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

Sec. 3.6 Primary enclosures. (a) General requirements. (2) Primary enclosures. (i).

* Inside the old kennel, counting from the doorway enclosure three has a protruding sharp wire point. This wire point is protruding inward into the enclosure at eye level for the dog standing in normal posture. This sharp wire point could injure the one adult dog housed in the enclosure. This sharp wire point must be removed. All enclosures must be maintained so that they have no sharp points or edges that could injure the dogs.

To be corrected by: 9 June 2014.

Excessive accumulation of soiled straw pieces of carpet & brown/black grime fecal waste on floor & walls of enclosures.

protruding sharp wires

Prepared By:

RANDALL WAGNER, A.C.I.

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector #038

Jun-09-2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Title:

Jun-09-2014



Inspection Report

3.11 (c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

Sec. 3.11 Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control (c) Housekeeping for premises.

The dog kennel building, housing seven adult dogs, has an accumulation of loose soiled bedding and fecal waste on the ground. There is a taxi carrier and large rolls of carpet leaning of the wall with one carpet roll unrolled in the alleyway. Excessive accumulation of brown dust and cob webs was on the metal framed chain link enclosures.

This can provide breeding and living areas for rodents and other pests and vermin. Premises that are not cleaned affect the pest control and the health and well-being of the dogs. Premises must be kept free of accumulations of waste products and other discarded matter. This will eliminate breeding and living areas for rodents and other pests and vermin. Facilitated cleaning of the premises and pest control will protect the health and well-being of the dogs.

To be corrected by, 10-June-2014

accumulation
of
loose
soiled
bedding
fecal
waste
Brown
dust
& cobwebs.

This inspection report will be sent both regular and certified mail

Prepared By:

RANDALL WAGNER, A.C.I.

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4036

Jun-09-2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Title:

Jun-09-2014



Inspection Report

Devon Schlabach
Honey Locust Kennel
28003 Jaguar Pl
Princeton, MD 64673

Customer ID: 330503
Certificate: 43-A-5928
Site: 001
DEVON SCHLABACH

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: May-26-2015

3.4 (b)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

Shelter

In an outdoor enclosure, containing 4 dogs, the shelters are not large enough to contain all animals comfortably at the same time. Shelters need to be large enough for all dogs to escape the elements or weather. The licensee needs to provide additional and adequate shelter or remove 2 dogs from the enclosure. The licensee must ensure that all dogs housed in an outdoor enclosure have access to shelter that is large enough so that each animal can sit, stand, lie in a normal fashion, and turn about freely at all times.

To be corrected by: 29 May 2015

Shelters
NOT
Large
enough
for dogs
to sit
stand
lie
down

Inspection and exit interview conducted with licensee and ACI Stephanie Osborne.

Prepared By:

STEPHANIE OSBORNE, A C I

STEPHANIE L OSBORNE, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector: 5054

Date:
May-26-2015

Received By:

(b)(6),(b)(7)(c)

Date:
May-26-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Devon Schlabach
Honey Lacust Kennel
Route 1, Box 116 E
Princeton, MO 64673

Customer ID: 330503

Certificate: 43-A-5825

Site: 001

DEVON SCHLABACH

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Mar-27-2014

3.1 10 13

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL

An outdoor enclosure, containing 2 dogs, had shelters that were dirty. When questioned the licensee stated that it had been lost fall since they have been cleaned. The dirt and grime build up on the outside of these shelters can become a disease hazard. The licensee must clean these shelters. The licensee must ensure that all hard surfaces with which the dogs come into contact with are spot-cleaned daily and sanitized at least once every two weeks or more often if necessary.

To be corrected by: 3 Apr 14

Inspection and exit interview conducted with licensee

Dirty
old
shelters
Build
up
of
dirt
grime-
Licensee
said he
hasn't
cleaned
them
since
the
fall

Prepared By:

STEPHANIE OSBORNE, A C I

STEPHANIE L OSBORNE, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector: 5054

Date:

Mar-27-2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Mar-27-2014



Inspection Report

Mattie O Bontrager
Perry J Bontrager
N 1603 Lovin's Lane
Darton, WI 53926

Customer ID: 324194

Certificate: 35-A-0355

Site: 001

MATTIE & PERRY J BONTRAGER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Feb-20-2015

2.130

MINIMUM AGE REQUIREMENTS.

Records indicate that on 1-16-2015 **three puppies less than 8 weeks old were sold to a pet store.** They were 50 days old instead of the required minimum of 56 days old. **Transporting puppies under 8 weeks of age may increase their risks of health problems.** Puppies from a USDA licensed facility must be at least 8 weeks old and weaned prior to being sold or transported in commerce.

*puppies
sold
underage*

Correct from this day forward.

Exit interview conducted with facility representative.

Prepared By:

SCOTT WELCH, VMO

Title:

SCOTT M WELCH
USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER Inspector 6045

Date:

Feb-23-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Feb-23-2015



Inspection Report

Matie Bontrager
Perry Bontrager
N 1603 Levers Lane
Dahon, WI 53926

Customer ID: 324194

Certificate 35-A-0355

Site: 001

MATIE & PERRY BONTRAGER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jul-02-2014

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

***A male schiltzu (tag 011) has an eye (right side) that is white on the outside and is not clear like a normally healthy eye. This is reported to have been like this for about a year and owner reports that the attending veterinarian has not seen it. Some abnormalities in eyes can be painful and must be reported to the attending veterinarian so that it can be evaluated and determined what treatment is needed. Promptly and routinely communicate any health condition or injuries observed in animals to the attending veterinarian to ensure that optimum veterinary care is provided.

***Various medications in the storage cabinet reportedly used for dogs and labeled for other species other than dogs. There are no written instructions from the attending veterinarian on these medications for dosage (how much), route (oral, injection type, etc), frequency (how often), and what the medication is for. Use of medications for other species other than what the label describes (off-label or extra-label use) must have written instructions from the attending veterinarian. This is to avoid giving a dog too much or too little of a medication and to ensure that a medication is safe for dogs. Obtain written instructions from the attending veterinarian on any medication that does not have a manufacturer's label with instructions for dogs.

Correct by 7/01/14

Exit interview conducted with facility representative.

Prepared By:

SCOTT WELCH, VMO

Title:

SCOTT M WELCH
USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Jul-02-2014

Received By:

(b)(8), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jul-02-2014

right eye
white
on
outside-
not
clear
like
normal
eye
mis labeled
medications
meant for
other
animals
used
for
dogs



Inspection Report

Peggy Pierce
Pierce's Kennels
543 W Pine St
Narka, KS 65860

Customer ID: 4152
Certificate: 48-B-0273
Site: 001
Peggy Pierce

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: May-19-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

* One adult gray and white male named Darla (number 04-1) and one adult blue and white male named Bandit (number 507) were observed to have an abnormal, goose step appearing gait. The licensee stated that both Shih Tzu / Bichon cross dogs were approximately two years in age. When walking no bend or flex to the back legs of both dogs were observed. In addition, the back legs of both dogs would extend straight forward and outwards when attempting to walk. Each dog would elevate one of their back legs and place no weight on it when they stopped walking. When resting the elevated back leg would extend forward to an estimated 45 degree angle and stay that way until they started walking. The licensee stated that both dogs were born with this abnormal gait from a powder she applied to both dogs' paws. The attending veterinarian had not been consulted nor had any treatment been provided at the time of inspection. Foot problems can be painful causing discomfort when the dog has to place weight on the affected foot. It can affect the mobility and daily activity of this dog. The licensee must have both animals examined by a veterinarian and appropriate treatment plan administered. The outcome of this examination must be documented and provided to the inspector upon request. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times. Correct by 6/2/16.

• dog has abnormal goose step when walking. No bend or flex to back legs.

3.1 (b) (1) (ii)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

* A sheet of tin with a horizontal tear estimated to be four inches in length was observed along the lower right hand of one enclosure. The tear was jagged and sharp in appearance and was turned outwards towards the dogs. Three dogs are in contact with the affected area which is located on the west outside wall of the east sheltered building. Jagged edges with sharp points could cause potential injury. The licensee must ensure all surfaces are free of any jagged edges or sharp points that might injure the animals. Correct by 6/2/16.

Sharp jagged tears

Prepared By:

ROBERT BACON, A.C.I.

ROBERT W BACON, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4001

May-24-2016

Received By:

(b) (6), (b) (7) (c)

Date:

Title:

May-24-2016



Inspection Report

3.1 (b) (3)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There is a mixture of dirt, grease and other excreta accumulating on the primary enclosure wall board in two enclosures. Two dogs are in contact with the affected wall boards located in sheltered housing. The affected area covers approximately 30 to 40 percent of the total wall surface. It indicates an unsanitary living condition exists that could lead to a potential disease or health risks. Spot cleaning affected surfaces daily and sanitization of all surfaces is necessary to prevent an accumulation of excreta and other disease hazards. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces are spot-cleaned daily and sanitized at least once every two weeks or more often if needed in accordance with section 3.11.B to help prevent an accumulation of excreta and reduce disease hazards. Correct by 5/25/16.

• Accumulation
of dirt
grease
excreta
in
enclosure

3.4 (b) (2)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

The outdoor housing being provided for two dogs consists of a pet carrier. The holes along the sides do not restrict the wind, rain or snow from entering the enclosure. In addition, the outdoor sheltered housing must be large enough to allow each animal to sit, stand, and lie in a normal manner and to turn about freely. Pet carriers are not considered to be acceptable permanent housing for the dogs. The pet carrier intended use is to house dogs or puppies during transport from facility to an ending destination. The licensee shall provide the dogs with adequate housing that will protect the dogs from the direct rays of the sun and the direct effects of the wind, rain or snow. Correct by 5/2/16.

• Dogs
are
kept
outdoors
in pet
carrier

3.11 (a)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

An excessive amount of excreta was observed collecting on the dirt ground floor in one enclosure. Two dogs are in contact with the affected area located in outdoor housing. Excreta is covering an estimated 25 to 30 percent of the available floor area. The licensee stated that approximately a month ago, excreta was removed from the enclosure. This indicates the dogs are living in unsanitary living conditions. The licensee must ensure that all excreta is removed from primary enclosures on a daily basis. This will help to prevent an accumulation of lepro, potential soiling of the dogs contained in the primary enclosure and will help to reduce disease hazards, insects, pests and odors. Correct by 5/25/16.

• Excessive
amounts
of
Excreta
in
enclosures

Prepared By:

ROBERT BACON, A.C.I.

ROBERT W BACON, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4001

May-24-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

Date:

Title:

May-24-2016



Inspection Report

3.11

(C)

REPEAT

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

* An overgrowth of weeds was observed collecting next to the west outdoor enclosure run fencing. The fencing is attached to the west sheltered building housing four dogs. The weeds were estimated to be four to five feet in height. This could provide a living area for rodents, other pests or vermin. The licensee must ensure that all weeds must be controlled so as to facilitate cleaning of the premise and pest control and to protect the health and well-being of the animals.

over
grown
weeds

* Shredded paper and rodent droppings were observed collecting on the interior floor area of the west sheltered building housing four dogs. This indicates a breeding and living area exists for rodents, pests and other vermin that could impact the health of the dogs. The licensee must ensure that premises must be kept free of accumulations of trash, junk, waste products and discarded matter. In addition, the licensee must facilitate the husbandry practices require to reduce or eliminate breeding and living areas for rodents, other pests and vermin.

rodent
droppings

* The facility inspection and verbal exit briefing done on 5/19/16 and the exit briefing done on 5/24/16 were conducted with the licensee.

Prepared By:

ROBERT BACON, A.C.I.

ROBERT W BACON, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4001

Date:

May-24-2016

Received By:

(b)(6),(b)(7)(C)

Date:

May-24-2016

Title:

Page 3 of 3



Inspection Report

Peggy Pierce
Pierce's Kennels
543 W Pine St
Narka, KS 66960

Customer ID: 4152
Certificate: 48-B-0273

Site: 001
Peggy Pierce

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: May-12-2015

3.1 (c) (3)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

* There is a mixture of dirt, grease and other excreta on one fiberglass wall board. One dog is in contact with the affected wall board located in sheltered housing. The affected area covers approximately 30 to 40 percent of the total wall surface. It indicates an unsanitary living condition exists that could lead to potential disease or health risks. Spot cleaning daily and sanitization of all surfaces is necessary to prevent an accumulation of excreta and other disease hazards. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces are spot-cleaned daily and sanitized at least once every two weeks or more often if needed in accordance with section 3.11 B. Correct by 5/20/15.

Dirt
grease
excreta

3.11 (c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

* There is an overgrowth of weeds around one sheltered building housing 10 dogs. The weeds were estimated to be four to five feet in height. This could provide a living area for rodents, other pests or vermin. The licensee must control all weeds so as to facilitate cleaning of the premise and pest control and to protect the health and well-being of the dogs. Correct by 5/26/15.

over
grown
weeds

* Cobwebs and dust were observed collecting on top of wood one by sixes, chicken wire fencing and heat lamp protectors in three enclosures. The affected areas are located in the west sheltered building housing six dogs. It indicates unsanitary living conditions exist that could impact the health and well-being of the dogs. It indicates a potential living area exists for other pests. The licensee must ensure all areas of the facility are kept clean to facilitate normal husbandry practices and to protect the health and well-being of the dogs. Correct by 5/26/15.

Cobwebs
dust

* The facility inspection and verbal exit briefing done on 5/12/15 were conducted with the licensee.

* Copy of the inspection report was sent by certified and regular mail.

Prepared By:

ROBERT BACON, A C I

ROBERT W BACON, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4001

Date:
May-19-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:
May-19-2015



Inspection Report

Peggy Pierce
Pierce's Kennels
543 W Pine St
Narka, KS 66960

Customer ID: 4152

Certificate: 48-B-0273

Site: 001

Peggy Pierce

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Nov-18-2014

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

* One gray colored adult male Shih Tzu cross (No Identification) has matted hair on its back, hindquarters, face, ribs and rear legs covering approximately 80 percent of its body. The matted hair is balled and is tightly adhered to the skin. Matted hair can trap dirt, debris; and moisture and cause pain and discomfort. It can foster skin infections and hinder the animal's ability to move or defecate normally. Also, matted hair does not maintain the same insulating qualities of normally groomed hair. The licensee must remove all matted hair and establish an effective program for coat maintenance for the health and well-being of the dog. Correct by 12/2/14.

matted
hair
on
80%
of Body
tightly
adhered
to the skin.
NO
ID
of
dogs

2.50 (a) (1)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

* There are six dogs that have no official identification on them at time of inspection. The licensee is using collar identification on the dogs at the facility. Official identification is needed to ensure each animal's identity can be known with certainty and to facilitate the ability to trace dogs. The licensee must ensure that all dogs are officially identified by collar, tattoo or microchip means. If the licensee uses microchips then a microchip reader must be made available to the inspector at time of facility inspection. Correct by 12/18/14.

2.75 (a) (1)

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

* Official USDA dog on hand sheets (7006's) had 18 dogs recorded, but there were 27 adult dogs counted by the inspector. When the records and dogs at the facility do not match it makes the records incomplete. Complete and accurate records are needed to ensure each animal's identity can be known with certainty and to facilitate the ability to trace dogs. The licensee must maintain complete and accurate records of all dogs at all times at their facility. Correct by 12/18/14.

* The facility inspection done on 11/18/14 and exit briefing done on 11/19/14 were conducted with the licensee.

Prepared By:

ROBERT BACON, A.C.I.

ROBERT W BACON, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4001

Date:

Nov-19-2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Nov-19-2014

Title:



Inspection Report

Jule Nelson
Nelson Farms
3053 190th Street
Fairfield, IA 52556

Customer ID: 7878
Certificate: 42-A-0734
Sig: 001
JULIE N. NELSON

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Jun-14-2016

3.1 (c) (1) (ii) HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In the two small dog buildings the enclosures are framed in wood and there are at least nine enclosures, containing fourteen dogs, which have the sharp ends of screws penetrating through the wood framing and into the dog enclosures. The screws are located in the wood that is framing the top of the enclosures and the dogs could come into contact with the sharp points.

Multiple sharp points are located in at least three outdoor enclosures, containing four Golden retrievers. The sharp points are found at the level of the dogs and are created by the ends of wires that are used to attach buckets and leadders to the fence and along some of the enclosure fence panels. Sharp points can cause injury to the dogs.

Housing facilities for dogs must be free of sharp points and jagged edges that could injure the animals. The licensee must remove the sharp points from the dog enclosures in order to eliminate the injury risk towards the dogs. The licensee must ensure that all housing facilities remain safe for the dogs at all times.

Correction date: June 28, 2016

Sharp
ends
of
screws
penetrating
through
enclosure
framing

3.1 (c) (2) REPEAT HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In the two small dog buildings there are at least sixteen enclosures, containing twenty dogs, that are framed in wood and the wood along the tops of the enclosures has been chewed and shredded by the dogs.

The outdoor enclosures housing the Golden retrievers have shelters with flaps over the doors that act as wind and rain breaks. At least three of the flaps have been shredded and torn by the dogs. At least three dogs are housed in these enclosures.

The outdoor enclosures each contain a shelter for the dogs. In one enclosure, containing two Golden

Enclosures
chewed
shredded
by
dogs

Prepared By:

KELLY MAXWELL, A.C.I.

Title:

KELLY J MAXWELL, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector: 5090

Date:

Jun-15-2016

Received By:

(b)(6),(b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jun-15-2016



Inspection Report

retainers, the floor of the shelter is constructed of wooden boards and the dogs have damaged the wood resulting in a large hole in the floor.

The damage to the wood and the shelter flaps does not allow for proper cleaning and sanitization of these surfaces to occur and could increase the disease risk towards the dogs.

All surfaces must be maintained on a regular basis. Any surface that cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized must be replaced if worn or soiled. The licensee must replace the damaged wood and shelter flaps or alter them in a manner that allows for cleaning and sanitization of the surfaces to occur. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces of housing facilities are maintained and kept in good repair.

3.4 (b) (3)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

There is one outdoor enclosure, containing one Golden retriever, which has no wind and rain break at the entrance to the shelter. Another enclosure, containing one Golden retriever, has just one small strip remaining of the flap that covers the entrance to the shelter. Wind and rain breaks located at the shelter entrance are necessary to ensure that the dog can adequately escape uncomfortable weather.

All outdoor housing shelters must be provided with a wind and rain break at the entrance. The licensee must add a sufficient wind and rain break to the front of the shelters. The licensee must ensure that all outdoor shelters have a wind and rain break at all times for the health and well being of the dogs.

Correction date: June 28, 2016

3.11 (b) (2)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

In at least two outdoor enclosures, containing three Golden retrievers, there is a thick buildup of dirt on the interior walls of the shelters. In the enclosure containing two young adult Golden retrievers there is also a buildup of dirt on the wooden floor of the enclosure. The buildup of dirt could increase the risk of disease towards the dogs.

Used primary enclosures for dogs must be sanitized at least once every two weeks, or more often if necessary to prevent the buildup of dirt, debris, food waste, excreta, and other disease hazards. The licensee must remove the buildup of dirt from the interior surfaces of the shelters. The licensee must ensure that the buildup of dirt on the surfaces of all used primary enclosures is eliminated for the health and well being of the dogs.

Correction date: June 28, 2016

Exit interview conducted with Kelly Maxwell, ACI, Heather Cole, VMO and the facility representative

Prepared By:

KELLY MAXWELL, A.C.I.

KELLY J MAXWELL, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 5090

Date:

Jun-15-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

Title:

Date:

Jun-15-2016

No wind or rain break at o/b enclosure entrance

thick buildup of dirt on interior walls in the floors & walls in the enclosures

(Hide)


 United States Department of Agriculture
 Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

273451-002330006 8/29/16

Inspection Report

 Jake Neeson
 Nelson Farms
 3023 150th Street
 Fairfield, IA 52556

 Customer ID: 7878
 Certificate: 42-A-0734
 Site: 001
 JHUH 030504

 Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
 Date: Sep 30 2015

2.40 (b) (2)

DIRECT NC1

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS)

A brown and white female Sheltie approximately one year old and registered by tattoo number 07 has an excessive buildup of brownish colored material covering most of the teeth. The thick buildup of material on the surface and encasing the affected teeth make it difficult to visualize the normal shape of the tooth. An upper right cheek tooth is loose and has a crack extending down from the gum line. The dog is also missing some lower and upper teeth. Tartar buildup, loose and missing teeth can be painful making discomfort and could lead to health problems for the dog. The abnormal buildup of material on the teeth can also impact the ability of the dog to eat normally. The licensee must have this animal examined by a veterinarian to obtain an accurate diagnosis and treatment plan. The outcome of this consultation must be documented and provided to the inspector upon request. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

To be corrected by: October 2, 2015

Exit interview conducted in this license.

Prepared By:

CORBIN RANSLEM, A.C.I.

Title:

CORBIN RANSLEM, A.C.I. USDA APHIS Animal Care
ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 5879

Date:

Sep 30 2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

Date:

Sep 30 2015

 Inspection Report Explanation: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal/welfare/downloads/IR_Explanation.pdf

Animal Inventory for Inspection Date: Sep 30, 2015

Inspection Animal Count	Animal Common Name	Animal Group Name
89	DOG ADULT	DOGS
33	DOG PUPPY	DOGS

Click this icon to export this data into an excel spreadsheet format

(Details)

Click this icon to export this data into an excel spreadsheet format

excessive
Buildup
of
brown
material
on teeth.
Difficult
to visualize
the
teeth.
• Loose
tooth
• cracked
tooth
missing
teeth

 Customer: 7878
 No:
 Certificate: 42-A-
 No:

 Customer: 7878
 No:
 Certificate: 42-A-
 No:



Inspection Report

Janice Nelson
Kenneth Nelson
17791 Farm Road 1062
Exeter, MO 65647

Customer ID: 4466

Certificate: 43-A-5769

Site: 001

JANICE NELSON & KENNETH NELSON

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Aug-03-2015

2.40 (b) (2)

REPEAT DIRECT NC

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

*An adult female Beagle (m/c# 4812710C39) was missing a large amount of hair on her rump, tail, and chest. The skin in these hairless areas on her rump and chest were moist, reddened, and had numerous tiny scabs. The skin on her tail was dry and scaly. The licensee had not sought veterinary care for this dog and was not treating the skin condition. Skin problems can be painful, may indicate an underlying medical condition, and can worsen with time. The licensee must have this dog examined and treated by a veterinarian within 48 hours.

* Dog missing large amount of hair on rump, tail, chest. Scabs present

**The teeth of three dogs were examined during the inspection. A male Yorkshire terrier (m/c# 494-151-7460) had few teeth remaining, but there was a buildup of a hard, brown substance on the teeth he did have. A female Maltese (m/c# 095 627 602) had a buildup of a hard, greenish-brown substance on her teeth that was so thick that all the individual teeth could not be seen. A female Yorkshire terrier (m/c# 091 312 883) repetitively licked her lips and moved her mouth. She had a severe buildup of hard brown material on her teeth; her gums were reddened along her teeth. During the inspection, a molar tooth fell out of her mouth. Teeth and gum problems can be painful, can affect the animal's ability to eat, and can result in tooth loss. The licensee stated that none of the dogs had received dental care in two years even though the Attending Veterinarian had noted that 42 dogs needed dental cleaning on his last visit to the facility. The licensee must establish an effective program of dental maintenance and care.

***Several dogs had excessively long toenails: a female Beagle (m/c# 4812710C39), a female Beagle named Biscuit (no other ID), a female Maltese (m/c# 095 627 602), and a female Maltese (m/c# 050304787). Excessively long toenails can become entrapped and torn or can result in abnormally positioned toes, which is painful. The licensee must establish an effective program of toenail maintenance.

excessively long toenails

3.3 (c)

SHELTERED HOUSING FACILITIES.

One, of the two florescent lights in the indoor portion of the sheltered housing area is not working. There is not sufficient light in this area of the facility to perform the daily tasks of caring for the dogs or to

Dogs have only a few teeth w/ tartar buildup on those teeth (so thick that teeth could NOT BE SEEN)

Prepared By:

KELLY ROBERTS, A C I

KELLY ROBERTS, A. C. I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6043

Date:

Aug-04-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Aug-04-2015

Title:

* a molar fell out during examination



Inspection Report

access their well-being. Adequate light is needed to maintain good housekeeping practices, adequately clean, adequately inspect the animals, and for the well-being of the animals. The licensee shall provide adequate light to permit routine inspection and cleaning of the facility, and observation of the dogs, as well as to provide a regular diurnal lighting cycle for the dogs. TO BE CORRECTED BY: 8/11/2015.

3.11 (c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

There was tall grass and weeds along the fence-line and around the edges of the outdoor housing areas. Tall grass and weeds provide optimal breeding grounds for rodents and pests. The licensee shall control weeds, grasses, and bushes so as to facilitate cleaning of the premises and pest control, and to protect the health and well-being of the animals. TO BE CORRECTED BY: 8/11/2015

This inspection and exit briefing was conducted with the licensee.

light
NOT
working
in
enclosure
(inadequate
lighting)

• over
grown
weeds

Prepared By:

KELLY ROBERTS, A C I

KELLY ROBERTS, A. C. I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6043

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Aug-04-2015

Date:

Aug-04-2015



Inspection Report

Debbie Phillips
405 Cedar Ridge Rd
Long Lane, MO 65590

Customer ID: 4449

Certificate: 43-A-1353

Site: 002

DEBBIE PHILLIPS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jan-09-2015

3.4 (b) (4)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

(b) Shelter from the elements. (4) Contain clean, dry bedding.

***In the outdoor facility where small breed dogs were housed, the bedding in the housing units varied from partially covering the floor to approximately 4" deep. One housing unit contained bedding that covered most of the flooring, yet had a large amount of dried, molded feces in it. Small breeds including Yorkshire Terriers were seen intermittently shivering and holding front paws up for short periods of time interchangeably within these primary enclosures. The ambient temperature was 11 degrees F at the beginning of the inspection. The lack of appropriate amount of bedding in cold environments increases the risks of illness, discomfort and hypothermic situations to the animals. The licensee must add more bedding material to the housing units, clean the housing unit that contains the feces and assure that the appropriate amount of clean, dry bedding is provided in the outdoor housing units during extreme cold events. To be corrected from this day forward.

inadequate
bedding
in
outdoor
facility.
small breed
Dogs
(Yorkies)

Seen

shivering
& holding

paws up
intermittently.

Temperatures
were 11°F.

This inspection began at 0800.

The inspection and exit conference were conducted with the facility representative.

End of report.

Prepared By:

BEVERLY HICKS, A C I

BEVERLY HICKS, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 5051

Date:

Jan-09-2015

Received By:

(b)(6). (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jan-12-2015



Inspection Report

Anna Presley
Jimmy Don Presley
Presley'S Kennel
215 C R 2380
Bagwell, TX 75412

Customer ID: 8350

Certificate: 74-A-1165

Site: 001

Anna Presley, Jimmy Don Presley

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jun-01-2015

2.40

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

(b)(3)

***** At time of inspection a female white poodle micro chip # 485A5F6253 was observed to have hair missing along her back and a reddened inflamed skin appearance to this area. This animal had not been discussed by the licensee with a veterinarian to convey this health concern so that a determination by a veterinarian could be made as to whether to bring the animal into the clinic for an evaluation.

This animal needs to be seen by a veterinarian for an evaluation of this area of concern and to determine if treatment is needed.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 8/5/15

3.1

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(f)

***** At time of inspection the drainage system used to remove water from the daily cleaning process and from rain fall in the outdoor kennel area to the southeast of the whelping building was not working properly. Drainage systems should rapidly eliminate water and animal waste.

Due to the heavy rainfall experienced in this area of Texas in the last month the ground can not absorb this liquid fast enough to keep it from backing up and it is pooling beneath and behind the raised housing units of this kennel area.

This drainage system needs to be corrected so that should a weather event such as this happen again this pooling of the water will not happen which can lead to pest and insect infestation, odors and disease hazards which will affect animal health.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 9/4/15

Prepared By:

DONNOVAN FOX, A C I

DONNOVAN L FOX, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4045

Date:

Jun-04-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jun-04-2015



Inspection Report

Carol Prothe
Rural Route 71 Box 1551
Urbana, MO 65767

Customer ID: 32511
Certificate: 43-A-4562
Site: 001
CAROL J PROTHE

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Mar-16-2015

3.4 (b) (4)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

**** There is no bedding in the shelter structures in six outdoor enclosures housing 12 dogs. The temperature the night before the inspection according to the NOAA website (weather.gov) for the licensee's zip code was 44 degrees F. A lack of clean, dry bedding can result in discomfort, stress, and hypothermia. The licensee must ensure that all the dogs have access to clean, dry bedding if the temperature is below 50 degrees and additional bedding if the temperature is 35 degrees or lower.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: March 17, 2015

Exit interview conducted with facility representative by William Heine ACI and Konnie Plumlee VMO.

NO
Bedding
in
outdoor
Shelters-
Temperatures
are 44°F.

Prepared By:

WILLIAM HEINE, A C I

WILLIAM G HEINE, A C I

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6058

Mar-16-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Title:

Mar-16-2015



Inspection Report

Maria Campbell
Roger Campbell
266 90th
Newton, KS 67114

Customer ID: 11720

Certificate: 48-A-1549

Site: 002

ROGER & MARIA CAMPBELL

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Mar-24-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

DIRECT NCI

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Adult, male, brown dachshund with chip number 067 538 814 has a thick buildup of tartar on all of his premolar and molar teeth ("cheek teeth") and on most of his canine teeth. The gums over all of the teeth are red and have receded up away from the teeth and there is a creamy discharge at the gum line of some of the premolar and canine teeth. There is one loose upper incisor tooth. These symptoms are consistent with dental disease in dogs. Dental disease can cause damage to the gum tissue and tooth and mouth structures, be painful, and impact the ability of the dog to eat normally, affecting the overall health of the animal. The animal listed above must be examined by a licensed veterinarian in order to ensure that an accurate diagnosis is obtained and an appropriate treatment plan is developed and followed. This information, including the diagnosis, treatment and resolution of the condition, must be documented and made available to the inspector upon request. Correct by close of business 26 March 2016.

Adult, female, black and white French Bulldog with chip number 093 577 310 was seen by the attending veterinarian (AV) on 21 January 2016 and was diagnosed with Keratitis Sicca. Treatment directions from the AV for this dog were "Mild keratitis sicca can be managed by supportive care by cleaning with a moist cloth and application of ophthalmic ointment with steroids as necessary." During the inspection today, the dog's left eye has thick green colored discharge on the cornea and a hazy appearance to the surface of cornea. In addition, the "white of the eye" was red compared to the right eye. These symptoms are consistent with the need for cleaning and treatment. The licensee stated that they are not using ointment in this dog's eye at this time. Failure to treat a medical problem according to the directions of the AV result in problems that continue to get worse and can cause pain for the dog. The licensee must use appropriate methods to treat disease and injuries which includes treatment of diagnosed medical problems as directed by the AV. Correct by close of business today.

This routine inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee, Dr. Margaret Shaver, VMO and Kendall Lundy, ACI.

KENDALL LUNDY, A C I

Prepared By:

KENDALL D LUNDY, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4015

Date:

Mar-24-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Mar-24-2016

Title:

Dental
Disease
Tartar
on
most
of
teeth
creamy
Discharge

Licensee
NOT
Following
recommended
vet care
for
eye
issue



Inspection Report

Marla Campbell
Roger Campbell
266 90th
Newton, KS 67114

Customer ID: 11720

Certificate: 48-A-1549

Site: 002

ROGER & MARLA CAMPBELL

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Apr-01-2015

3.1 (c) (2)

REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

* The carpet square in three enclosures were torn with shredded ends. Three adult dogs and four puppies are in contact with the affected carpet square located in sheltered housing. The potential for ingestion of the shredded ends exists. In addition the dog could become entangled in the shredded ends causing potential injury. The licensee must repair or replace all surfaces that can not be readily cleaned and sanitized when worn.

carpets
in
enclosures
shredded
by
puppies

3.6 (a) (1)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

* The expanded metal flooring in one enclosure used by one dog has an estimated three inch long by two inch wide gap in the flooring. The flooring is located in sheltered housing. Gaps in the flooring could injure the dogs. In addition, gaps in the floor can make the structure unstable. The licensee must ensure that all flooring is maintained in good repair at all times for the safety and welfare of the dogs. Correct by 4/15/15.

gap
in
metal
flooring

* The facility inspection and exit briefing done on 4/1/15 were conducted with the licensee, Robert Bacon ACI and Dr. Margaret Shaver VMO.

Prepared By:

ROBERT BACON, A C I

ROBERT W BACON, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4001

Date:

Apr-01-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Apr-01-2015



Inspection Report

Darlene Chalfant
Cisco Puppy Ranch
1031 Cisco Road
Idabel, OK 74745

Customer ID: 19257

Certificate: 73-A-2680

Site: 001

DARLENE CHALFANT

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jun-20-2016

2.40 (b) (1)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

At time of inspection all Yorkshire Terriers, 2 Maltese, and one Poodle had matted hair on the legs, neck, shoulders, and back covering approximately 40 percent of the body. Hair mats weren't to the point of affecting walking, urination, or defecation. It can foster skin infections, affect the animal's mobility or be able to defecate normally if not removed. Matted hair does not maintain the same insulating qualities of normally groomed hair. The licensee must remove all matted hair and establish an effective program for coat maintenance for the health and well-being of the dog. To be corrected by 07-20-16.

3.6 (a) (1) (ii)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

At time of inspection the metal panels along the outside enclosures have rusted or extended outwards towards the dogs. The metal panels are located throughout the facility housing 4 Australian Shepherd. Sharp points or edges could create a potential safety issue and could lead to injury. The licensee must ensure that all metal surfaces be maintained to have no sharp points or edges for the health and well-being of the dogs. To be corrected by 06-27-16.

3.11 (a)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

At time of inspection an enclosure containing 2 dogs have dried, caked fecal residue along the 2 x 4 supporting the wire flooring. The dogs are in contact with the flooring. Fecal residue is smashed underneath the wire that is attached to the wood. It indicates an unsanitary living condition exists and could lead to potential disease or health risks. Increased animal, food or fecal waste buildup reduces available clean surface area that the dogs have access to. The potential for soiling or caking of the hair coat exists when the dogs have to walk or rest on the affected surfaces. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces are cleaned and sanitized on a daily basis. To be corrected by 06-27-16.

An exit briefing was conducted with the facility representative.

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A C I

Prepared By:

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4031

Date:

Jun-23-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jun-23-2016

Title:

matted
on
legs,
neck,
shoulders,
back
(40%
OF body)

metal
panels
rusted-
extend
toward
dogs

Enclosures ^{OF} Dogs have dried, caked
fecal residue - (on wire,
flooring)



Inspection Report

Darlene Chalfant
Cisco Puppy Ranch
1031 Cisco Road
Idabel, OK 74745

Customer ID: 19257

Certificate: 73-A-2680

Site: 001

DARLENE CHALFANT

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Sep-23-2015

3.4 (b) (3)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

At time of inspection there were no wind or rain breaks at the entrance to two outdoor shelter structure housing live dogs. Lack of adequate wind and rain breaks at the entrance provide the dogs with little to no protection from the wind, snow or rain. In addition, the dogs could experience difficulty conserving body heat and maintaining normal body temperatures. The licensee must ensure all outdoor shelter structures have adequate wind and rain breaks for the health and well-being of the dogs. To be corrected by 10-10-15.

No
wind
rainbreaks
at
entrance

3.6 (a) (2) (i)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

At time of inspection broken, protruding wires with sharp points were observed in one enclosure. The points have broken away from the flooring of the enclosure frame. Two dogs are in contact with the affected wiring. Sharp points could injure the dogs. The licensee must ensure that all enclosure wires are maintained in good repair at all times for the safety of the dogs. To be corrected by 10-01-15.

broken
wires
sharp
points

An exit interview was conducted with Cathy Niebruegge, ACI and facility representative.

Prepared By: CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A.C.I.

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4031

Date:

Sep-28-2015

Received By: (b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Sep-28-2015



Inspection Report

Kathryn Lambright
Vernon Lambright
Clearspring Kennels
5295 South 250 West
Winchester, IN 46795

Customer ID: 31333
Certificate: 32-A-0253
Site: 001
CLEARSPRING KENNELS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Aug-25-2015

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

There were two dogs found with diarrhea in the pen. One is a Goldenoodle with ID # 465, the other a Newfoundlander with tag # 216. The dogs in these two pens should be evaluated by the veterinarian to identify a cause and develop a treatment plan for the two dogs.

There was a female poodle with tag # 398 with her right eye very inflamed. The eye was filled with thick green mucous discharge. The eye needs to be evaluated by the veterinarian to determine a treatment plan for the care of the dog.

Contact the veterinarian by close of business August 26, 2015.
Provide care as indicated by the veterinarian.
Comply with all guidance from the veterinarian.

A young great Pyrenees, owned by the son of the owner yet housed in the facility, was found to be slightly limping. Upon exam, the dog was very lame as well in the rear legs as well. An appointment was made with the veterinarian for 8/26/2015 for an evaluation. Comply with all guidance and provide care as indicated.

2.40 (b) (3)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The licensee advised the inspectors that the conditions of the above listed animals had not been observed until the inspection.

It is imperative that all regulated animals are observed and assessed for their health and well-being daily by the licensee. Upon identification of an injury or illness the licensee must operate according to their PVC as indicated and/or contact a veterinarian in a timely manner in order for proper diagnosis and treatment to occur. Unidentified injuries or illnesses can cause undue discomfort or suffering for the animals and cause treatable mild conditions to become more serious.

Prepared By:

LORI LINN, A C I

LORI E LINN, A C I

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 1090

Nov-19-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

Title:

Date:

Aug-25-2015

Page 1 of 2

Dogs
observed
to have
diarrhea
in pen
eye
Inflammation
a young
dog was
limping
& was
very
lame



Inspection Report

The licensee needs to provide adequate daily observation of the regulated animals.

To be corrected by: Immediately

3.6 (a) (1)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

There were several areas of chewed surfaces in the outdoor housing area. There were chewed pieces that covered the posts in the supports for the pens. All surfaces in a primary enclosure must be in good repair to prevent injury to the animals.

Repair or replace the chewed broken sections by September 1, 2015.

3.6 (c) (4)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

One dog, a bearded mountain dog with tag # 364 was chained to a dog house. Tethering a dog can result in injury to a dog and is not permitted under the Animal Welfare Act.

The dog needs to be removed from the tether and re-housed safely in an enclosure.

Correct by: August 25, 2015

chewed enclosures
*
Dog was chained to a dog house

Inspection and exit interview conducted with owner and ACI's Linn and Wilken.

Prepared By:

LORI LINN, A CI

LORI LINN, A CI

USDA, APHIS - Animal Care

Date:

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 1080

Nov-19-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Aug-25-2015



Inspection Report

Greg Collins
Twila Collins
Puppy Love
265 Trail Road
Dora, MO 65637

Customer ID: 4689

Certificate: 43-A-1721

Site: 001

TWILA & GREG COLLINS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jan-27-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

***Two dogs had eye problems that needed to be seen by a veterinarian. The right eye of an adult, female English Bulldog named Sydnie (m/c# OAO 1673800) had a cloudy cornea, redness in the conjunctiva, and a thick discharge from the eye. The right eye of an adult female English Bulldog named Valentine (m/c# OAO 2021913) had a cloudy cornea and a thick white discharge. This dog has had ongoing problems for several months with that eye and responds to treatment, but the problems reoccur when treatment is stopped. The Attending Veterinarian told the licensee that eye may need surgery if problems continued but the licensee has not returned the dog to the veterinarian despite the reoccurring problems. Eye problems can be painful, can progress rapidly, and can result in loss of vision. The licensee must have these dogs examined by a veterinarian for diagnosis and treatment.

cloudy
cornea
red
conjunctiva
thick
eye
discharge
loss of
hair
skin
redness
skin
red,
greasy

***Two dogs had skin problems that needed to be seen by a veterinarian. An adult, male English Bulldog named Mr. Wuffles (m/c# 000FCC5E3) had a 2 inch by 4 inch lesion on his face. This area had lost some hair and the skin was reddened and seemed greasy. The Attending Veterinarian had examined this dog on 5/23/15 and noted skin problems at that time. Her recommendation was to treat the dog with chlorhexidine and cephalixin when these conditions occurred. The dog was currently being treated with only chlorhexidine and did not seem to be improving. An adult, female English Bulldog named Krispy Kreme (m/c# OAO 1673967) had a 6 inch in diameter area over her rump that was missing some hair and had red, greasy skin. The licensee was treating the lesion with only iodine. Skin problems can be painful and can be an indication of an underlying medical condition. The licensee must have these dogs examined and treated by a veterinarian.

TO BE CORRECTED BY FEBRUARY 2, 2016.

The inspection and the exit briefing were conducted with the licensee and with Cassie Driskill, an inspector with the MO Dept of Agriculture.

Prepared By:

KONNIE PLUMLEE, D.V.M.

KONSTANZE PLUMLEE, D.V.M. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER Inspector 6031

Date:

Jan-27-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jan-27-2016

Title:



Inspection Report

Joyce Walters
Select Pets
137 Walters Lane
Anderson, MO 64831

Customer ID: 4311
Certificate: 43-B-0178
Site: 001
JOYCE WALTERS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Jun-17-2015

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

1. Female brown dog, ID# 4C415D1589, had loose matted skin scab, and long toenails. Many of the dogs throughout the facility had long toenails. Lack of proper grooming can lead to health problems, such as injury and skin conditions. Adequate veterinary care must be provided which includes a preventative program to provide grooming, coat maintenance, and nail care.
TO BE CORRECTED BY JUNE 22, 2015

2. Male Chihuahua, ID # 4C302D5069, had hair loss on his back, base of tail and tail, and green buildup on his teeth. Coat and skin maintenance are important to the overall well-being of an animal. Lack of dental care can cause pain and infection in dogs. Adequate veterinary care must be provided which includes a preventative program to provide dental care. This dog is to be taken to a licensed veterinarian for diagnosis and treatment plan for the skin and dental conditions. Written documentation for diagnosis and treatment plan is needed to present at the next inspection.
TO BE CORRECTED BY JUNE 19, 2015

2.75 (a) (1)

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

Disposition reports were incomplete. Missing information included, disposition date, buyer's information, and animal identification. Dealers shall make, keep, and maintain records or forms which fully and correctly disclose the disposition of the animals.
TO BE CORRECTED BY JUNE 18, 2015

3.1 (a) (6)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The gravel in a minimum of nine pens was mixed with a brown substance that was soiling the dogs. There were standing puddles of a yellowish brown liquid. The dogs were wet and soiled and the conditions are conducive to harboring disease. Gravel floors must be raked or spot-cleaned with sufficient frequency to ensure all animals the freedom to avoid contact with excreta. Contaminated material must be replaced whenever this raking and spot-

Prepared By:

KELLY ROBERTS, A. C. I.

Title:

KELLY ROBERTS, A. C. I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Inspector: 8043

Date:

Jun-17-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(C)

Title:

Date:

Jun-17-2015

Page 1 of 2

Inspection Report Explanation: http://www.aphis.usda.gov/animal_welfare/downloads/IR_Explanation.pdf

Dog had matted fur, scabs, long toenails, loss of hair, green buildup on teeth, gravel in pen contains brown-yellowish liquid substance. Dogs were wet & soiled.



Inspection Report

cleaning is not sufficient, TO BE CORRECTED BY JUNE 22, 2015

3.2 (b)

INDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

An odor of ammonia was prevalent throughout the indoor facility used for whelping. Ammonia can adversely affect the respiratory system of the animals housed within the building. Indoor facilities must be sufficiently ventilated at all times when dogs are present to provide for their health and well-being, and to minimize odors, drafts, ammonia levels, and moisture condensation.
TO BE CORRECTED BY JUNE 18, 2015.

Ammonia
odor
prevalent

3.4 (b) (3)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

The three dog houses in the outdoor kennels housing adult dogs did not have wind and rain breaks. Dogs were not able to get out of inclement weather. Shelters in outdoor facilities must have all the entrance wind and rain breaks.
TO BE CORRECTED BY JUNE 24, 2015

3.6 (a) (2) (vii)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

A metal pipe along the edge of the side along the floor surface of the enclosure that helps prevent the dogs from digging had deteriorated creating sharp edges at the end. Sharp points and jagged edges can cause injuries to the dogs. Primary enclosures must be constructed and maintained so that they have no sharp points or edges.
TO BE CORRECTED BY JUNE 24, 2015

metal
pipe
along
floor is
deteriorating

3.11 (c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

Weeds were growing up on the outdoor section of the sheltered housing. This interferes with the cleaning, and pest control. Weeds, grasses and bushes must be controlled so as to facilitate cleaning of premises and pest control, and to protect the health and well-being of the animals.
TO BE CORRECTED BY JUNE 24, 2015

Weed
over
growth

This inspection and exit briefing was conducted with the licensee and ACU Liz Bartels.

Prepared By:

KELLY ROBERTS, A. C. I.

Title:

KELLY ROBERTS, A. C. I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Inspector: 6043

Date:

Jun-17-2015

Received By:

(b)(6),(b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jun-17-2015



Inspection Report

Donald Conrad
Conrad Kennel
1109 190th Street
Keota, IA 52248

Customer ID: 5181

Certificate: 42-A-0487

Site: 001

DONALD CONRAD

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jan-29-2016

2.40 (b) (2) REPEAT DIRECT NCI

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

An adult black and brown female Yorkie identified by microchip number (462E47633B) has a problem with its right eye. The eye is cloudy in appearance with a blue-gray color. There is also a clear moist discharge coming from the affected eye. The fur around the eye is wet and matted. Eye disease can be caused by a variety of problems including infection, trauma, etc and can be painful.

The dog also has a thick buildup of dark brown material covering most of the teeth. At least two of the four teeth remaining are loose. The buildup of abnormal material on the surface of the teeth and loose teeth can be painful, impact the ability of the dog to eat normally and harm the health of the animal. The facility representative states that this dog has not been evaluated by a veterinarian.

The licensee must have the animal examined by a veterinarian to obtain an accurate diagnosis and appropriate treatment plan. The outcome of this consultation must be documented and provided to the inspector upon request. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

*The dog listed above received veterinary care at the time of inspection.

3.1 (a)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Structure; construction.

There is an outdoor wire enclosure attached to the green sheltered housing facility that has broken wire flooring. The metal support rod under the floor is not fastened securely. There are two black Schnauzers in the affected enclosure. The broken coated wire flooring is creating sharp points the dogs can come in contact with and affecting the strength of the enclosure.

An enclosure on the opposite side of the building containing two dogs has bent and broken wires on the front of the fencing. The broken wires are creating sharp points and an opening large enough the dogs could put the front of their heads through.

The potential for injury exists if the dogs come in contact with the sharp points or get caught in the openings created by the broken wires. The licensee must ensure all enclosures are kept in good repair, protect the animals from injury and contain the animals securely at all times.

To be corrected by February 1, 2016.

Prepared By:

CORBIN RANSLEM, A C I

CORBIN L RANSLEM, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6079

Date:

Jan-29-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jan-29-2016

• EYE cloudy
Blue gray color
Discharge thick
• Loose teeth brown material on teeth
• broken wire flooring support Rod NOT Secure



Inspection Report

3.1 (c) (2)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Maintenance and replacement of surfaces.

The green sheltered housing facility has areas around the outside dogs doors that has been excessively chewed and scratched. The wood surface is severely damaged and no longer impervious to moisture. The front wire fencing on the outdoor runs and the metal frames, that are not plastic coated, are rusty and in disrepair. The small green housing facility containing American Eskimo dogs has wooden surfaces in the shelter structures that are chewed and worn. Two metal feeders that are rusty and pitted were being used by at least four dogs. The facility representative replaced the feeders with clean red plastic feeders during the inspection.

The chewed edges create rough pitted surfaces that cannot be properly cleaned and sanitized. The rough surfaces can harbor dirt, bacteria and other health hazards. The feeders need to be replaced and/or repaired so that the surfaces are smooth and can be properly sanitized.

All surfaces must be constructed and maintained in a manner that allows for proper cleaning and sanitizing or be replaced when worn or soiled to reduce disease hazards and contribute to the health and well being of the animals.

Excessively
chewed
housing

To be corrected by: February 19, 2016.

Exit interview conducted with facility representative.

Prepared By:

CORBIN RANSLER, A C I

CORBIN L RANSLER, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6079

Date:

Jan-29-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jan-29-2016

Title:



Inspection Report

Donald Conrad
Conrad Kennel
1109 190th Street
Keota, IA 52248

Customer ID: 5181

Certificate: 42-A-0487

Site: 001
DONALD CONRAD

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: May-05-2016

3.1 (a)

REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

A wire fence attached to an outdoor run on the American Eskimo dog building is in disrepair. Rusty and broken wires have created a 6 inch by 4 inch opening in the wire fencing. Two adult American Eskimo dogs are being housed in this enclosure. There are at least three sharp wire points the dogs can come in contact with. The facility representative stated that he has another enclosure he could move the dogs to. He also stated he has the materials needed to replace the fencing.

The potential for injury exists if the dogs come in contact with the sharp points or get caught in the openings created by the broken wires. The licensee must ensure all enclosures are kept in good repair, protect the animals from injury and contain the animals securely at all times.

Fencing
rusty
broken

Exit interview conducted with facility representative

Prepared By:

CORBIN RANSLEM, A C I

CORBIN L RANSLEM, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6079

Date:

May-05-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

May-05-2016



Inspection Report

Donald Conrad
Conrad Kennel
1109 190th Street
Keota, IA 52248

Customer ID: 5181
Certificate: 42-A-0487
Site: 001
DONALD CONRAD

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Feb-10-2015

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

An adult male blonde colored Bichon/Shih-tzu mix identified by microchip (0A02121033) has an excessively matted hair coat. The fur is also long enough to cover the dog's eyes preventing it from being able to see clearly. There are clumps of matted fur in various sizes found on more than half of the dog's body. Around the tail and back legs there are clumps of dried fecal material approximately one inch by one inch matted in the hair coat. Larger areas of matted fur approximately three inches by three inches are visible on the abdomen and along the neck and back.

Excessive matting can cause pain and discomfort to the animal. In addition, matting can foster skin infections and can hinder the animal's ability to move or defecate normally.

The licensee needs to remove the matted fur on the dog. As part of the facility's program of veterinary care, the licensee must establish and follow a program of regular coat maintenance for all of the dogs to prevent the development of excess matting.

To be corrected by: February 12, 2015.

Exit interview conducted with facility representative.

Excessive matted coat. cannot see the dogs eyes - clumps of matted fur on 50% of Body

Prepared By:

CORBIN RANSLEM, A C I

CORBIN L RANSLEM, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6079

Date:

Feb-10-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Feb-10-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Debra Deters
Roger Deters
De Jas Kennel
810 "G" Rd
Centralia, KS 66415

Customer ID: 4262

Certificate: 48-A-1058

Site: 001

ROGER & DEBRA DETERS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jan-26-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

DIRECT NCI

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS):

In the "North Building" there was a gray and white Shi Tzu adult female (tag # 169) that had a greenish yellow discharge on the cornea and around the eyelids of the left eye. The "white" of the left eye was more red than the "white" of the right eye. The center of the surface of the eye (Cornea) had a circular area that was white in color.

Eye problems can be due to trauma, infection, and other medical problems and can be painful and affect vision. The license must have this animal examined by a licensed veterinarian in order to ensure that an accurate diagnosis is obtained and an appropriate treatment plan is developed and followed. This information including the diagnosis, treatment, and resolution of the condition must be documented and made available to the inspector upon request.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: Close of business January 28, 2016

3.1 (c) (1)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In eighteen enclosures there was "pegboard" placed on the wire flooring which was showing deterioration and wear on the surface and edges.

The worn and deteriorated surfaces can not readily be cleaned and or sanitized which can play a role in disease transmission. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces of housing facilities including houses, dens, and other furniture type fixtures, and objects within the facility be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized or removed or replaced when worn or soiled.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: February 9, 2016

MARY BARTELS, A C I

Prepared By:

MARY E BARTELS, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6090

Date:

Feb-02-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Feb-02-2016

Title:

* greenish
yellowish
discharge
from
eyes.
Whites
of eyes
also red
Cornea
has
circular
white area.



Inspection Report

Debra Deters
Roger Deters
De Jas Kennel
810 "G" Rd
Centralia, KS 66415

Customer ID: 4262

Certificate: 48-A-1058

Site: 001

ROGER & DEBRA DETERS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Apr-05-2016

3.1 (c) (1) REPEAT

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In at least twelve enclosures there was "pegboard" placed on the wire flooring which was showing deterioration and wear on the surface and edges. There were also some tears in the plastic walls that allowed dirt and debris to get lodged behind the plastic surface, not allowing proper cleaning and sanitization.

The worn and deteriorated surfaces can not readily be cleaned and or sanitized which can play a role in disease transmission. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces of housing facilities including houses, dens, and other furniture type fixtures, and objects within the facility be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized or removed or replaced when worn or soiled.

3.1 (c) (3)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Throughout the facility there was a buildup of hair, dust, and cobwebs on the wire tops of the enclosures, on and around support structures, countertops, and most other surfaces of items in the facility. There was fly speck on wires and ceilings.

The lack of cleaning within the facility can cause disease to be harbored, attract rodents and pests, and cause odors that could affect the respiratory systems of the animals. The licensee must clean and sanitize the surfaces in accordance to 3.11(b) at least every two weeks or more often as necessary for the surfaces in contact with the animals. All other surfaces of the housing facilities must be cleaned and sanitized as often as necessary to satisfy generally accepted husbandry standards and practices.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: June 5, 2016

hair
dust
cobwebs
in
enclosures
fly
speck
on
wires
ceilings.

Prepared By:

MARY BARTELS, A.C.I.

MARY E BARTELS, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6090

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Apr-05-2016

Date:

Apr-05-2016



Inspection Report

Amos Graber
Graco
9309 E 800 N
Montgomery, IN 47658

Customer ID: 330117

Certificate: 32-A-0458

Site: 001
AMOS GRABER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Nov-05-2015

2.50 (a) (2)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

There are two litters of puppies four 7-8 week old Pomeranian and 3-Cockapoos and six 4week old Pomeranians that do not have any cage cards or identification on them that identifies the female with her litter, or the 4 weaned puppies. While there are puppy records, there is no identification on the cages or on the weaned puppies.

NO
ID

Proper identification of all regulated animals and puppies is important for management and traceability of the animals.

The licensee must have proper identification on all puppies less than 16 weeks of age with the female on a cage card or a cage card with individual ID numbers, plastic type collar, tattoo or microchip on weaned puppies.

To be corrected by: November 6, 2015

3.11 (a) (2)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

There are cobwebs built up along all of the feeders inside the kennel, and a layer of dust and debris on the tops of them. There is a buildup of brown grime along the rims of the feeders where the dogs eat that has not been cleaned, and has been built up for at least 2 weeks or longer.

cobwebs
clust
debris
Brown
grime
on
feeders

The buildup of dirt and grime and cobwebs around the food bowls can be a source of possible health issues due to bacteria and disease that can live in those conditions.

All feeders and water sources must be cleaned and sanitized at least once every 2 weeks or as often as necessary to prevent the buildup of dirt and grime.

To be corrected by: November 8, 2015

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6022

Date:

Nov-05-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Nov-05-2015



Inspection Report

3.11 (a)

REPEAT

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL

While the outdoor kennels were cleaned and in better condition, the majority of the indoor kennels have a large buildup of brown grime and dirt on the walls, on the inside of the doggy doors and door inserts. The kennels are washed down daily, however the surfaces need to be scrubbed free of the dirt and grime buildup which has accumulated at least 2 weeks without any sanitization or deep cleaning.

The buildup of dirt and grime can be a source of bacteria or parasites that could be a potential health hazard for the regulated animals.

The enclosures must be cleaned thoroughly and scrubbed often enough to prevent the buildup of dirt and grime on all surfaces in contact with the animals, including walls, feeders and floors. Without proper cleaning, the surfaces can not be sanitized.

majority of kennels have large Buildup of brown grime + dirt on walls.

Inspection and exit interview conducted with licensee

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6022

Date:

Nov-05-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Nov-05-2015



Inspection Report

AMOS GRABER

Customer ID: 330117

Certificate: 32-A-0458

Site: 001

AMOS GRABER

GRACO

9309 E 800 N

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: 04 March 2014

MONTGOMERY, IN 47558

2.50 (a)(1)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

There are 4 Dobermans and 4 Schnauzers that do not have any ID tags and are unable to be identified in the kennel. The dogs have been in the kennel since the first pre-license inspection, however the tags have not been put on the dogs.

NO
ID

It is important that all regulated animals are properly identified for management and health care purposes.

The licensee needs to provide proper ID for the untagged dogs according to AWA standards and regulations.

To be corrected by: March 9, 2014

2.75 (a)(1)

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

There were 6 sales of dogs that were not recorded on the 7005 form and no disposition forms were made out providing the information of sale. The ID numbers for the dogs on the 7005 form were not put on the record. While the licensee does have tags on most of the dogs and their numbers on other paperwork, there are no ID numbers on the required 7005 On Hand form. There were 5 poodles that were acquired in January 2014 that have not been documented on the 7005 form.

incomplete
records

It is important that all regulated animals are documented on the Acquisition 7005 and Disposition 7006 forms according to AWA standards and regulations for proper management and traceability of the animals.

The licensee needs to update all 7005 forms and provide completed Disposition 7006 forms for all regulated animals.

To be Corrected by: March 18, 2014

Inspection and exit interview conducted with licensee.

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6022

Date:

04 March 2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

04 March 2014

Title:



Inspection Report

Amos Graber
Graco
9309 E 800 N
Montgomery, IN 47558

Customer ID: 330117
Certificate: 32-A-0458
Site: 001
AMOS GRABER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Aug-05-2015

2.75 (a) (1) REPEAT

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

There were 18 lab puppies under 16 weeks of age from 3 different females that did not have puppy records. While the licensee did have cage cards, there were no puppy records with all of the required information for record keeping.

It is important to keep updated and complete records on all regulated animals and their offspring for proper management and care of the animals.

The licensee must keep complete puppy records on all puppies born at the facility.

To be corrected by: August 9, 2015

3.11 (a)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

The majority of the kennels have a large buildup of brown grime and dirt on the walls, both sides of the doggy doors and door inserts. While the enclosures are cleaned daily, the surfaces need to be scrubbed free of the dirt and grime buildup. The last enclosure next to the wall needs to have the cracks sealed between the floor and wall to prevent the buildup of dirt, hair and feces from collecting in the cracks.

The buildup of dirt and grime can be a source of bacteria or parasites that could be a potential health hazard for the regulated animals.

The enclosures must be cleaned thoroughly and scrubbed often enough to prevent the buildup of dirt and grime on all surfaces in contact with the animals, including walls, feeders and floors. All cracks should be filled to prevent the accumulation of debris. Without proper cleaning, the surfaces can not be sanitized.

To be corrected by: August 9, 2015

Inspection and exit interview conducted with licensee and Dr. Neafsey, VMO.

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6022

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Aug-05-2015

Date:

Aug-05-2015

* NO records

Buildup of dirt brown grime in enclosures



Inspection Report

2012, one bottle of Atropine Sulfate expired August 2010, one bottle of Beladine Solution expired October 2003, one bottle of Povidone Iodine expired October 2006. One bag of Sodium Chloride injection that expired in December 2010 was found on top of a dog crate next to the surgical table. The licensee stated that cesarean sections had taken place in the surgical suite on the two days prior to the inspection (December 1st and 2nd).

The use of expired materials such as drugs, fluids, or sutures on regulated animals is not considered to be acceptable veterinary practice and does not constitute adequate veterinary care. The use of expired medications and other medical materials could be detrimental to the health of the animals. The facility must either dispose of all such expired medical drugs and materials or segregate them in an appropriately labeled, physically separate location from non-expired medical drugs and materials. The licensee must ensure that all medical materials used for the care and husbandry of the animals is current and non-expired.

3.1 (c) (1) (ii)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In at least five outdoor enclosures, containing at least five English bulldogs, the metal feeders are attached to the fence panels by metal wires or the access doors are held open by metal wire. The ends of these wires are located inside the enclosures creating sharp points at the level of the dogs. Sharp points could cause injury to the dogs

sharp points

Enclosures must be free of sharp points or jagged edges that could injure the animals. The licensee must remove all sharp points from all dog enclosures to ensure that they remain safe for the animals.

Correction date: December 10, 2015

3.1 (c) (2)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In the "Blue Building" there are two enclosures containing a total of two adult dogs and three puppies that have whelping boxes constructed of vinyl plastic. The vinyl plastic has been excessively chewed by the dogs and has become torn and dirty. The chewing damage does not allow for proper cleaning and sanitization of the whelping boxes.

excessively chewed enclosures

All surfaces must be maintained on a regular basis. Surfaces of housing facilities that cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized must be replaced when worn or soiled. The licensee must replace, repair or alter the damaged areas of the whelping boxes in a manner that allows for cleaning and sanitization to occur. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces of housing facilities are properly maintained.

Correction date: December 17, 2015

Prepared By:

KELLY MAXWELL, A C I

KELLY J MAXWELL, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6080

Date:

Dec-07-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Dec-03-2015



Inspection Report

3.2 (b)

INDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

Inside the "Pig Poke Building", which contains nineteen adult dogs and two puppies, there was a noticeable buildup in the level of ammonia. One inspector noticed a burning sensation in her eyes and the other inspector noticed a burning sensation in her throat. The buildup of ammonia could have a negative impact on the health and well-being of the dogs.

Indoor housing facilities for dogs must be sufficiently ventilated when dogs are present to minimize odors, drafts, ammonia levels and moisture condensation. The licensee must ensure that this building has adequate ventilation to keep ammonia levels minimized and promote the health and well-being of the dogs. The licensee must ensure all indoor housing, when dogs are present, is adequately ventilated at all times.

Correction date: December 07, 2015

3.6 (a) (2) (vii)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

In one outdoor enclosure, containing four English bulldogs, there is not enough shade provided to accommodate all the dogs at one time. The licensee had put up a tarp in the corner of the enclosure but it had fallen and only a very small section of shade was provided. Inadequate shade does not ensure that the dogs can find protection from the direct rays of the sun which could negatively impact their health.

All primary enclosures must provide sufficient shade to shelter all the dogs in the enclosure at one time. The licensee must add an adequate amount of shade to this enclosure for all the dogs housed within. The licensee must ensure that all enclosures have sufficient shade for all the dogs at all times.

Correction date: December 10, 2015

Inspection conducted with Kelly Maxwell, ACI, Heather Cole, VMO, IDALS and the facility representative.

Exit interview conducted with Kelly Maxwell, ACI, Heather Cole, VMO and the facility representative.

Prepared By:

KELLY MAXWELL, A C I

KELLY J MAXWELL, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6080

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Dec-07-2015

Date:

Dec-03-2015

Ammonia
Buildup
causing
burning
eyes
of
inspector

Inadequate
shade



Inspection Report

Catherine Mast
C And C Kennel
25578 C R 200
Bogard, MO 64622

Customer ID: 325785
Certificate: 43-A-5842
Site: 001
CATHERINE MAST

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Feb-22-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

* A Sheltie (#88) felt thin upon palpation. The ridges on the spine and the ribs were easily palpable. There was also a defined, accented waist. This type of thinness may be indicative of nutritional deficiencies, stress, disease or other health issues.

* Female Husky (#65) has significant, explosive creamy to tan-colored loose stool. Licensee indicated that the stools had been loose for approximately 3 weeks since a food change. Loose stools can soil the dog, may be indicative of disease, parasitism or other health issues.

Licensee must have these dogs seen by a veterinarian for an appropriate diagnosis and recommended treatment. Documentation of diagnosis and treatment must be available upon request of the inspector.

* To be corrected by: 2/26/16

3.1 (c) (2)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

* The flooring in 3 enclosures (containing 5 dogs) is in various stages of disrepair. The flooring is soft or has come unjoined leaving a 1 1/2 in. difference in the flooring level. A doghouse (containing 2 dogs) had the entire front left corner chewed and missing. Licensee must ensure that all surfaces in contact with the dogs are replaced/repaired when worn and maintained on a regular basis.

** To be corrected by: 3/7/16 (doghouse corrected at time of inspection)

3.1

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

* The Whelp portion of the facility (housing 4 dogs 10 puppies) had a extreme amount of hair, dirt, grime and fecal build up hanging on the underside of the enclosure flooring on the inside of the building. This build up of organic material can harbor disease organisms, create odors and attract pests. Licensee must ensure that all surfaces of the housing facility are cleaned and sanitized in accordance with general husbandry practices to prevent build up and to minimize odors and disease hazards to the dogs.

Prepared By:

ANGELA DEPOE, A.C.I.

ANGELA M DEPOE, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 5050

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:
Feb-22-2016

Date:
Feb-22-2016

Sheltie
is thin.
has
ridges
on
spine

ribs
creamy
palpable

* Dog
has
significant
explosive
loose
stool

* flooring
in
disrepair

* Whelping
Box has
extreme
amount
of hair,
dirt, grime
& fecal
Build up.



Inspection Report

** To be corrected by: 3/7/16

3.4 (b) (2)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

* 5 dogs in the new addition did not have adequate shade to protect all the dogs from the sun's rays at the same time. Lack of shade can cause stress and discomfort due to overheating and continuous squinting. Licensee must ensure that all enclosures are able to provide shade to all the dogs at the same time regardless of seasonal conditions (whether the trees are in bloom or not in bloom).

} Inadequate shade

** To be corrected by: 3/4/16

3.4 (b) (3)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

* Two dogs in an outdoor enclosure did not have a sufficient windbreak. The windbreak provided did not sufficiently protect the open area allowing the dogs entrance. Windbreaks must be provided to protect the animals from the elements. Licensee must ensure that all windbreaks are maintained and effective to protect the dogs from the elements

} NO windbreak

* To be corrected by: 2/23/16 (corrected at time of inspection)

Inspection and exit interview were conducted with facility representatives, Angela DePoe, ACI and Bernadette Juarez, D.A.

Prepared By:

ANGELA DEPOE, A C I

ANGELA M DEPOE, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 5050

Date:

Feb-22-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Feb-22-2016



Inspection Report

Catherine Mast
C And C Kennel
25578 C R 200
Bogard, MO 64622

Customer ID: 325785
Certificate: 43-A-5842
Site: 001
CATHERINE MAST

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Jun-13-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

REPEAT DIRECT NCI

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

There was an adult, male Rottweiler (#93, "Rocky") housed outdoors which had a reddened, superficial lesion with no hair, approximately 1.5 inches in diameter, on the outside of each ear, near the base of the ears. There were multiple flies covering both lesions and the dog was observed twitching its ears repeatedly, in an obvious attempt to get the flies off its wounds. The licensee rubbed a pink-colored fly repellent ointment on the dog's ears during the inspection and stated the ointment was being applied daily. Once the ointment was applied, no more flies appeared to be on the dog's ears. However, there was no documentation that the dog was being treated with this ointment and there did not appear to be any ointment on the dog's ears at the time of inspection. Furthermore, there was nothing in the program of veterinary care which indicated this repellent ointment should be used on open wounds. Open wounds due to fly strike can be irritating, painful, and could become infected. The licensee must consult with a licensed veterinarian no later than 15 June 2016 to determine the best way to prevent and treat fly strike wounds. This treatment plan must be documented, followed, and made available to the inspector upon request.

lesion -
No
hair
by
ear
multiple
flies on
lesion

There was a bottle of ceftiofur in the whelp building (at room temperature) which expired in January 2013. The drug had already been reconstituted but there was no date indicating when that occurred. According to the manufacturer, once reconstituted, this drug can only be stored at room temperature for up to 12 hours, or under refrigeration for seven days. This drug was intermingled with other medications which were currently being used at the facility and was therefore ready for use. Expired drugs may not work as anticipated, could become contaminated, and could even harm the animals. The licensee must ensure that no medications used in the facility are expired and that they are all stored in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

Expired
Medication

The sheltie (#88) and the female husky (#65) identified on the previous inspection (conducted 22 February 2016) were both examined by a licensed veterinarian on 25 February 2016 and placed on appropriate treatment plans. The inspection and an exit interview were conducted with the licensee.

Prepared By:

AMANDA OWENS, D V M

AMANDA J OWENS, D.V.M. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER Inspector 6033

Date:

Jun-13-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jun-13-2016

Title:



Inspection Report

Joni Miller
Luella L Miller
West Holmes Kennels
8203 T R 528
Shreve, OH 44676

Customer ID: 324992

Certificate: 31-A-0400

Site: 001

JONI & LUELLA MILLER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jan-14-2016

3.6 (a) (2) (ix)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

The floors, walls and doors on the outside portion of the primary enclosures were moderately worn. The primary enclosures in this area are constructed of primarily of coated wire. The wire coating has been worn or chewed off over portions of the floors, walls and doors. In the majority of these areas the exposed wire is rusted. These areas of the kennel are no longer in good repair. The areas where the coating is damaged provide crevices that material can become entrapped preventing adequate cleaning and sanitization. Additionally, the rust which has formed over the exposed wires also prevents them from being readily cleaned and sanitized. Correct by repairing or replacing these damaged areas. All surfaces in contact with the dogs must be readily cleaned and sanitized in accordance with Sec. 3.11 (b) of this subpart, or be replaceable when worn or soiled.

Enclosures
worn
rusted

Correct by: 14 February 2016.

The inspection and exit interview were conducted with the Licensee and Veterinary Medical Officer, Michael Neafsey.

Prepared By:

MICHAEL NEAFSEY

MICHAEL F NEAFSEY USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER Inspector 6094

Date:

Jan-14-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jan-14-2016

Title:



Inspection Report

Joni Miller
Luella L Miller
West Holmes Kennels
8203 T R 528
Shrovo, OH 44676

Customer ID: 324992

Certificate: 31-A-0400

Site: 001

JONI & LUELLA MILLER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Oct-20-2015

2.40 (b) (2) REPEAT

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

A non-pregnant Female Yorkshire Terrier with USDA tattoo # OHDAN -56 was noted to have severe dental disease during the inspection. She has a heavy buildup of tan material adhered to her canine teeth, pre-molars and molars. Her gums have receded back from the tooth roots and a grey green substance has accumulated along the gum line, especially around the top canines. Several of her cheek teeth on both sides of her mouth are missing and there are loose back teeth on the right side. The program of veterinary care as well as instructions from the attending veterinarian should be followed to ensure adequate care for the animals. Untreated dental disease may lead to problems consuming food as well as several conditions, such as cardiac disease, that affect the health and well-being of the animal.

Severe
dental
disease

An adult female Bulldog with USDA tattoo # OHDAN -2B3 has a firm nodular mass between her toes on her front right foot. It is approximately the size of a small marble and is pink colored tissue. The animal did not appear painful and was not showing any favor to the foot at the time of the inspection. The mass may be indicative of a chronic foot injury or process that can have detrimental effects on the health of the animal without treatment.

Nodular
mass
between
toes

Appropriate methods to prevent, control, diagnose, and treat diseases and injuries must be utilized. These dogs must be examined by a licensed veterinarian. Documentation of assessment, treatment, and plan for each dog shall be maintained for examination by APHIS officials.

3.4 (b) OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

This facility has an outdoor area that is used for exercise. This area does not have a shelter structure for the animals to get into during inclement weather. Without a shelter structure these dogs would not have a place to seek shelter from the wind, rain or snow. The Licensee must ensure that all animals have access to a shelter structure while the animals are housed in this area or the area is being used for exercise purposes.

No shelter
for o/d
exercise
area

Prepared By:

MICHAEL NEAFSEY

MICHAEL F NEAFSEY USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER Inspector 6094

Date:

Oct-20-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Oct-20-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Waterman Farms Inc.
16043 Road J
Atwood, KS 67730

Customer ID: 23144

Certificate: 48-A-1742

Site: 001

WATERMAN FARMS, INC.

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Apr-14-2016

2.40 (b) (4)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The program of veterinary care approves the licensee to euthanize dogs in case of emergency but does not provide instruction on how to do so. The licensee states that she uses xylazine followed by succinylcholine intramuscularly to euthanize dogs in cases of emergency. Succinylcholine is not an approved humane method of euthanasia for dogs according to the AVMA Guidelines on Euthanasia. Inappropriate methods of euthanasia can result in distress and/or pain to the animal and can be a safety hazard. If the attending veterinarian intends to approve the licensee to euthanize animals in the case of emergency, the program of veterinary care must document this. This documentation must minimally contain information regarding what constitutes an emergency and when it is appropriate for the licensee to euthanize animals, dosing of medications (route, concentration, dose, etc) and instructions for confirming death. The licensee must ensure that all animals are euthanized according to accepted methods. This must be corrected before any dogs are euthanized.

licensee
uses
method
of
euthanasia
NOT
approved
by
AVMA

3.1 (c) (1) (i)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

Two lower sections of metal fence support posts are rusted with jagged edges and are showing signs of flaking metal. Also the lower corner of one enclosure gate is rusted that has resulted in this corner section is missing. Rusted surfaces can create rough jagged edges, prevent required sanitization, and can affect the structural strength. All surfaces must be maintained to prevent excessive rust. Correct by 14 May 2016.

Rusted
jagged
edges

3.1 (c) (1)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The plastic threshold and the plastic strips on the inside of one shiba inu enclosure are chewed resulting in roughened surfaces. Also, the top plastic portion of one egress door is hanging down into the doorway and is chewed with a roughened surface. Roughened surfaces cannot be readily cleaned and sanitized. All surfaces must be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized. Correct by 14 May 2016.

in
enclosures
chewed
enclosures

Prepared By:

KENDALL LUNDY, A C I

KENDALL D LUNDY, A C I

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4015

Date:

Apr-14-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Apr-14-2016



Inspection Report

3.9 (b)

FEEDING.

There are at least 6 self-feeders being used in one sheltered housing building that have a build-up of food residue and grime on the interior surfaces in contact with the food. Dirty food receptacles can contaminate the food and affect the nutritive value of the food. If self-feeders are used, the licensee must keep them clean and sanitized them in accordance with 3.11 b. Correct by 21 April 2016.

3.11 (a)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

There is an excessive accumulation of feces on the elevated floor on the outdoor portion of one enclosure. According to the licensee the feces from this enclosure was last cleaned two days ago. There was also an accumulation of feces caked in the holes of the elevated flooring, especially where there are wooden supports under the flooring material. Also there was an excessive accumulation of feces in two outdoor housing enclosures. The licensee stated these enclosures were raked three days ago. Accumulation of excreta can soil the dogs, increase disease transmission, and attract flies and other pests. Excreta must be removed from primary enclosures on a daily basis. Correct by 15 April 2016.

This routine inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee, Dr. Margaret Shaver, VMO and Kendall Lundy, ACL.

Buildup
of food
residue
and
grime
on feeders.

Excessive
accumulation
of
feces
caked
on
enclosure
floors

Prepared By:

KENDALL LUNDY, A C I

KENDALL D LUNDY, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4015

Date:

Apr-14-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Apr-14-2016



Inspection Report

Karen Veurink
Dakota Kennels
1000 N. Main
Tea, SD 57064

Customer ID: 5002

Certificate: 46-B-0077

Site: 001

KAREN VEURINK

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Apr-28-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

* An adult Cream colored, French Bulldog, female, (ID#: 022621520) named "Biscuit" has extremely long toe nails on both back paws. The toe nails have grown to the point of curving around. The toe nails can grow into the pads of the feet. The toe nails can break off by get stuck in the holes of the flooring or the sides of the enclosure. Also, long curved toe nails can affected the movement ability for the dog. This can cause extreme pain and discomfort to the dog or injury.

Extremely long toenails

The licensee needs to trim the toe nails on this dog. As part of the facility's program of veterinary care, the licensee must establish and follow a program of regular toe nail maintenance for all the dogs to prevent the development of excessive long toe nails. This will minimize the pain and discomfort associated with long toe nails. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

* An adult brown and white, French Bulldog, female, (ID# 016379527), named "Trixie" eyes were both extremely red. The sclera (the white portion of both eyes) were a bright red color. Blood vessels are visible within the sclera of both eyes. The left eye had clear drainage. The condition of the eyes can be due to infections, allergies, injury, irritation or other medical conditions that could be painful.

Red Eyes Blood vessels visible

* An adult Cream colored, French Bulldog, female, (ID#: 021275815), named "Mona Lisa" has two spots or lesions on the right of her face. The bigger spot was approximately 1 inch in diameter. There was no hair in the lesion or spot. The perimeter around the spot was dark in color. The color of the skin was pink to dark red. The bare skin was moist. The dark area within the wound was oozing fluid. The small lesion or spot had hair loss. The lesion was approximately 1/2 inch in diameter. The hair or skin on the lower side or perimeter of the wound was dark. The center of the lesion or spot was dark red. Lesions can occur as the result of injury, illness, or other medical conditions that could be painful.

lesions on face oozing fluid w/ hair loss.

* An adult cream colored male, French Bulldog, (ID#: 079037362), named "Belles Red" had a lesion on the left paw and the left side of the face. The left paw had raised lesion on the dorsal surface between digits one and two. This lesion was approximately 0.5 inches wide by 1.0 inches long. There was no hair growth on the lesion. The lesion was damp and pink in color. The area around the lesion was dark red.

lesion on paw

Prepared By:

RANDALL WAGNER, A C I

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4038

Date:

May-03-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

May-03-2016

Title:



Inspection Report

Timothy Wittmer
Breezy Acres Kennel
2417 N 700 E
Montgomery, IN 47558

Customer ID: 327991
Certificate: 32-A-9455
Site: 001
BREEZY ACRES KENNEL

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jul-05-2016

2.75 (a) (1)

RECORDS: DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS.

There were several puppy records (b) (6) that were missing the females information, and 2 cage cards missing the number of males and females in the litter.

All records should be filled out completely with all required information for proper management and traceability.

All puppy records should have the breeding females' ID, and all cage cards should have at minimum the number of Males and Females in the litter while they are still with the female.

To be corrected by: July 6, 2016

3.1 (a) (1)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

There are 8 of 12 dog door flaps that have been chewed at the corners and need to be replaced. 1 dog house is and falling out.

It is important to repair and replace any chewed or broken surface in the kennel that the regulated animals come in contact with, the door flaps should be intact to prevent wind and weather from entering the dog house.

Housing facilities for dogs must be designed and constructed so that they are structurally sound and must be kept in good repair.

To be corrected by: July 20, 2016

Inspection and exit interview conducted with facility representative.

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A CI

Title:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A CI
USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Inspector 6022

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jul-05-2016



Inspection Report

Gayle Arnett
31956 Indian Creek Road
Edwards, MO 65525

Customer ID: 23084
Certificate: 43-A-4029
Site: 001
GAYLE ARNETT

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Aug-12-2015

3.1

(c) (3)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL

(c) Surfaces, (3) Cleaning.

***In the outdoor facility there were housing units with an accumulation of dirt, grime, hair and/or thick dust covered front wall. Cleaning of hard surfaces is essential for a healthy environment and reduces disease hazards by eliminating harboring places for diseases and pests. As a part of the facility's cleaning program, the licensee must remove the dirt, grime and cobwebs from these areas and ensure that all hard surfaces that come in contact with the animals are kept clean and sanitized at all times. TO BE CORRECTED BY: August 19, 2015.

***There was a general lack of cleaning in the whelping building housing adult dogs and puppies. The inside portion of the sheltered building had dirt, dust, and debris along the floor, shelving units and window ledge. These areas were only a few feet from where at least 2 adult dogs and 4 puppies were housed. Although the dogs weren't coming into direct contact with these areas, the build-up of dirt and debris in the building where they are housed increases the risk of disease hazards. The licensee must ensure that all surfaces of the housing facilities (including the areas that do not come in contact with the dogs) are cleaned and sanitized when necessary to satisfy generally accepted husbandry standards and practices. TO BE CORRECTED BY: September 12, 2015.

3.9

(a)

FEEDING

***Within the outdoor facility, there was a food receptacle that contained a small portion of dry kibble which was a greyish-white abnormal color. The portion of discolor, moldy-like kibble was mostly located in one corner in the mouth of the feeder while much of the rest of the kibble in the feeder had a normal appearance. This self-feeder provided the only source of food for two adult dogs within the enclosure. Contaminated food can decrease the animals' acceptance of the food and can increase the risk of disease and health hazards. The licensee needs to remove the current moldy-like feed. Measures must be taken to ensure that there is no molding, deterioration and/or caking of feed at all times. TO BE CORRECTED BY: Close of business on the day of inspection on August 12, 2015.

Prepared By:

ERIKA LEISNER, D V M

ERIKA L LEISNER, D.V.M.,
USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER Inspector 6037

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Aug-13-2015

Aug-13-2015

• Kibble
infester
was an
abnormal
moldy
color

• accumulation
of
dirt
grime
hair
clust
cobwebs.



Inspection Report

Allen Beukelman
1753 13 Ave N W
Sioux Center, IA 51250

Customer ID: 5153
Certificate: 42-A-0408
Site: 001
ALLEN BEUKELMAN

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Dec-18-2015

3.6 (a) (1) (iii)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

* There are two heat lamps used as additional heat source for two adult dogs and 13 puppies. The heat lamps are hung down into the enclosures at a level where the dogs can touch them. These heat lamps do not have the attachable guards to prevent the dogs from touching the heat bulb. This can allow for potential injury from the dogs being able to touch the heat bulb; in which, the heat bulb can break and cause a painful burn.

All facilities must be designed and kept in good repair or the heat lamps need protection guards. This will prevent injury to the animals.

To be corrected by, 26-December-2015.

This inspection and exit interview was conducted with a facility representative and Randall Wagner (ACI).
This inspection report will be sent by both regular and certified mail.

USPS Tracking #: 9590940100575168654390

Prepared By:

RANDALL R WAGNER, A.C.I.

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4038

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Dec-23-2015

Date:

Dec-23-2015

Date:



Inspection Report

Beatrice Birchfield
Birchfield Kennel
820 S Cold Springs Rd
Atoka, OK 74525

Customer ID: 4069

Certificate: 73-A-0531

Site: 001

BEATRICE BIRCHFIELD

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jul-14-2015

3.4 (c)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

At time of inspection throughout the outdoor shelter structures the wood surfaces were no longer impervious to moisture. Surfaces (chewed wood) that are not impervious to moisture cannot be readily cleaned & sanitized. If animal waste or urine comes in to contact with an untreated surface it could create a disease risk & or health problems for the dog. The structural strength of an untreated surface is also affected when the untreated surface becomes soaked with animal waste or urine on a continual basis. Surfaces that are impervious to moisture can be readily cleaned & sanitized. This affects forty three dogs and five puppies. To be corrected by 08-20-15.

3.6 (a) (2) (ii)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

At time of inspection the first two enclosures on the east side of the kennel building were leaning to the west. The legs of the enclosures had slid off the concrete floor and were standing in the drain. All animals must be securely contained in the enclosure. The cage must be lifted back up onto the concrete floor and remain level and in place. Two dogs were affected. To be corrected by 07-25-15.

two
enclosures
legs slid
off of
flooring -
leaning

3.11 (c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

At time of inspection at least four open sacks of trash were inside the facility. When premises that are housing dogs are not being kept clean & in good repair it could lead to injury or health issues for the dog. Accumulations of trash, junk, waste products, weeds & discarded matter around the premise and inside the building can provide a living / breeding area for rodents, other pests & vermin. Keeping premises free of trash, junk, waste products, weeds & discarded matter is necessary to ensure the health & well-being of all dogs. To be corrected by 07-21-15.

open
sacks
of
trash
in
enclosure

An exit briefing was conducted by Cathy Niebruegge, ACI and facility representative.

Prepared By:

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A C I

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4031

Date:

Jul-16-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jul-16-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

John Blake
Sandy Blake
Sanjon Kennel
2560 U S Hwy 65
Louisburg, MO 65685

Customer ID: 8158

Certificate: 43-B-3515

Site: 001

SANDY & JOHN BLAKE

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Aug-06-2015

2.40 (b)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

**In the sheltered facility, there was an adult female Bichon identified as #00-0723-CAB2. This dog was putting full weight on all four limbs, yet the left hind paw had a dime size, reddish blue raised area in between the second and third digits. Lumps can indicate a serious condition and can be painful or cause discomfort to the animal. The licensee must have this dog evaluated by a licensed veterinarian to obtain a diagnosis and appropriate treatment plan. The treatment plan must be followed. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

To be corrected by August 11, 2015.

* lump
on left
hind
paw

This inspection began at 1422.

The inspection and exit conference were conducted with the facility representative and Beverly Hicks, ACI.
End of report.

Prepared By:

BEVERLY HICKS, A C I

BEVERLY HICKS, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 5051

Date:

Aug-06-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Aug-06-2015



Inspection Report

Doris Brown
Charles L Brown
Pine Ridge Kennel
2909 Roasting Ear Rd
Onia, AR 72663

Customer ID: 5987

Certificate: 71-A-0611

Site: 001

CHARLES & DORIS BROWN

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: May-12-2015

2.40 (b)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

(b) Each dealer or exhibitor shall establish and maintain programs of adequate veterinary care.

In the kennel facility there is one ten year old female Shih-tzu, ID #283, named Mattie May, whose right eye is cloudy over 1/2 of it's surface. The animal needs to be evaluated by the attending veterinarian. The dealer must maintain written documentation of the evaluation and all treatment.

Affects one adult.

Correct by May 15, 2015

cloudy
eye

The inspection and exit briefing was conducted by the facility Representative.

Prepared By:

SANDRA MEEK, A C I

SANDRA K MEEK, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4040

Date:

May-12-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

May-12-2015



Inspection Report

Larry Crowley
Debra Crowley
302 Manzanita Lane
Ellisnore, MO 63937

Customer ID: 326734

Certificate: 43-A-5739

Site: 001

LARRY CROWLEY & DEBRA CROWLEY

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jan-29-2015

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

Attending veterinarian and adequate veterinary care

Two adult English Bulldogs were observed with excessively long toenails on the front feet. These toenails were over 1/2 inch in length and were starting hook on the ends. Excessively long toenails are prone to foot injury and may cause pain, distress and potential infections. These toenails must be trimmed to reduce the risk of breakage or hanging of the nails and thus creating unnecessary veterinary care risks. The affected dogs, microchip numbers 018-632-265 and 037-533-292, should be trimmed as well as any other dogs with excessively long toenails. A program of routinely trimming toenails should be followed to prevent this condition in the future. To be corrected by: 02/02/15

Excessively Long
toenails
(starting
to hook
on ends)

3.4 (b) (3)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

Wind and rain breaks

Two shelters in the outdoor kennel area in enclosures containing one Boston Terrier each were observed without sufficient wind and rain break structures at the entrance to the shelter. The lack of a wind and rain break on a shelter allows the bedding to become wet and is not conducive to the creation of a dead air space within the shelter. This significantly limits the affected dogs' ability to conserve body heat. All outdoor shelters must have measures in place to restrict to the entrance to the shelter of wind and rain. To be corrected by: 01/31/15

insufficient
Rain/
wind
break

3.4 (b)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

Shelter from elements

Two outdoor enclosures, containing three adult Cocker Spaniels each, were observed with single igloo-type shelters. These shelters do not provide sufficient space to allow all dogs enough space to enter, turn around and lie down freely at the same time. All outside enclosures must be provided with shelters that provide adequate space for all dogs contained to enter the shelter and make normal postural adjustments simultaneously. To be corrected by: 01/31/15

* igloo
type
shelters
too
small
for
animals

Prepared By:

WILLIAM MCGRUDER, A C I

WILLIAM C MCGRUDER, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4047

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Apr-03-2015

Date:

Apr-03-2015



Inspection Report

Junior Detweiler
12944 Hwy D
Princeton, MO 64673

Customer ID: 327502

Certificate: 43-A-5761

Site: 001
JUNIOR DETWEILER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Sep-23-2015

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

A young male Rottweiler, ID#32315, was observed with an open wound on the end of his tail at the tail dock area. The wound had a granular appearance around the outer edge and was open, reddened and inflamed in the inner area of the wound. According to the licensee the puppy was held back two weeks ago because of this wound. The licensee stated that he had been putting NuStock on the wound and it would close but then reopen. The licensee has not consulted with a veterinarian for care or treatment on this wound. The unhealed wound could be a sign of a medical condition that requires veterinary care. The licensee must have this puppy evaluated by a veterinarian for an appropriate diagnosis and treatment plan. The licensee must ensure that all animals receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

To be corrected by: 25 Sept 15

3.11 (b) (2)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

Sanitization of food receptacles

The licensee has two large plastic barrels used for storage of open bags of food. On the inside wall of the food barrels there is an accumulation of a dark sticky substance. On the underside area of the lid of one of the food barrels there appears to be several dark spots which are consistent with fly spat. When questioned as to when was the last time these barrels had been cleaned and sanitized the licensee could not remember. This accumulation of the dark sticky substance and fly spat on the lids could become a disease hazard to the dogs. The licensee must clean and sanitize these food storage barrels and ensure that primary enclosures, food and water receptacles are cleaned and sanitized at least once every two weeks to prevent an accumulation of dirt, debris, food waste, excreta and other disease hazards.

To be corrected by: 28 Sept 2015

Inspection and exit interview conducted with licensee, ACI Stephanie Osborne, and VMO Mary Ann McBride.

Prepared By:

STEPHANIE OSBORNE, A C I

STEPHANIE L OSBORNE, A C I USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 5054

Date:

Sep-23-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Sep-23-2015

Title:

* Open wound at tail dock area

* Accumulation of dark sticky substance in food barrels. Fly spat also present



Inspection Report

Freda Horton
Jack Horton
Hortons Kennel
104 Co Rd 644
Green Forest, AR 72638

Customer ID: 15617

Certificate: 71-A-0806

Site: 001

JACK & FREDa HORTON

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jun-10-2015

2.40 (b)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The kennel facility consists of two sheltered buildings and one indoor housing building (whelping building) which houses mothers and puppies. In the whelping building there is one two year old female Yorkshire terrier, chip # 019317089, named Angel Fire. The animal had a splint and bandaged right front leg. The dealer stated the animal had injured its leg approximately two weeks prior with a reevaluation appointment in two days. The dealer did not have any written documentation of the animal being injured or being evaluated by the attending veterinarian. In building #2 there is a two year old female Yorkshire terrier, chip #004327043, named Lady Mist. The animal's left eye is an orb of pink tissue. The dealer stated the animal's eye was a birth defect. The dealer also stated the animal had been evaluated by the attending veterinarian. However the dealer did not have any written documentation of the evaluation or treatment. Both animals must be evaluated by the attending veterinarian and the dealer must maintain written documentation of the evaluation and all treatment to protect the health and welfare of the animals.

Affects two adults.

Correct by June 12, 2015

animal has splinted injured leg w/ NO documentation of vet care

3.1 (c) (1) (i)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

In sheltered building #2 there are four enclosures whose expanded metal type doors have excessively rusted surfaces which are rough and pitted. The doors need to be repaired or replaced to insure they can be properly cleaned and sanitized. Surfaces of housing facilities--including houses, dens, and other furniture-type fixtures and objects within the facility--must be constructed in a manner and made of materials that allow them to be readily cleaned and sanitized, or removed or replaced when worn or soiled. Interior surfaces and any surfaces that come in contact with the dogs must be free of excessive rust that prevents required cleaning and sanitization, or that affects the structural strength of the surface.

Affects four adults.

Correct by 24 June 2015

Excessive rusted surfaces

Prepared By:

SANDRA MEEK, A.C.I.

SANDRA K MEEK, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4040

Date:

Jun-10-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jun-10-2015



Inspection Report

Teresa Graham
Graham'S Kennels
623 Ringneck Road
Garvin, OK 74736

Customer ID: 8302

Certificate: 73-A-2023

Site: 001

TERESA GRAHAM

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jul-07-2015

3.6 (a) (1)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

At time of inspection a wire divider of chain link fencing between two of the enclosures was not securely fastened. The affected area was on the outside of the whelping building. In this case, the wire itself had broken. The loose divider could potentially allow an animal to escape into the next enclosure. All structures must be kept in good repair. This wire divider must be reattached or replaced. This affects one animal. To be corrected by 07-30-15.

chain
link
fence
not
securely
fastened
cobwebs
dirt
clust
dog
hair
on walls
in enclosures

3.11 (c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

At time of inspection there were cobwebs, dust and dog hair collecting on interior walls and the enclosures. The affected areas are located throughout the whelping facility. It indicates unsanitary living conditions exist that could impact the health and well-being of the dogs. It indicates a potential living area exists for other pests. The licensee must ensure all areas of the facility are kept clean to facilitate normal husbandry practices. This affects forty five dogs. To be corrected by 07-25-15.

An exit briefing was conducted with Cathy Niebruegge, ACI and facility representative.

Prepared By:

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A C I

CATHY NIEBRUEGGE, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4031

Date:

Jul-16-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jul-16-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Nina Harrell
Harrells Kennel
1754 Harrell Road
Rocky Comfort, MO 64861

Customer ID: 4617
Certificate: 43-A-0926
Site: 001
NINA HARRELL

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Jun-16-2015

3.1 (a)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

All primary enclosures that housed the adult and un-weaned puppies had rust and corrosion. Several of the enclosures had corrosion that created jagged edges and sharp points, because of breakage causing holes in the flooring. The dogs legs could fit through the holes and become injured due to the jagged edges and sharp points. The rust and corrosion cannot be properly cleaned and sanitized which can then harbor disease. In the primary enclosures wooden boards were provided to the dogs and puppies for a solid resting surface. The boards have green residue and the edges are splitting and splintering off. The surfaces cannot be properly cleaned or sanitized which can harbor disease.

The licensee shall ensure all housing facilities are constructed so that they are structurally sound, kept in good repair, and protect the animals from injuries.

The corrections should be made by July 7, 2015.

Rust
corrosion
jagged
sharp
points

3.11 (d)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

Inside and outside the sheltered housing there was an abundance of flies. The licensee used fly bags and once full did not dispose of the bags creating a strong odor and allowed the life cycle of the flies to continue adding to the number of flies. Flies contaminate surfaces and spread disease affecting the well-being of the dogs. The licensee must have an effective pest control program to reduce the number of pests and promote health and well-being of the animals.

The corrections should be made by July 1, 2015.

abundance
of
flies

3.11

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

The self-feeders had green film on the interior surfaces that were in contact with the food. The food is at risk for contamination which could cause illness in the dogs. The licensee shall sanitize the feeders at least once every two weeks and more often if necessary.

The corrections should be made by June 19, 2015.

*
green
film
in
food
receptacles

Prepared By:

KELLY ROBERTS, A C I

KELLY ROBERTS, A. C. I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6043

Date:

Jun-17-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jun-16-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Terry D. Headlee
41 Addy Lane
Caulfield, MO 65626

Customer ID: 331061

Certificate: 43-A-5866

Site: 001

TERRY D. HEADLEE

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Sep-29-2014

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

***Six adult dogs had excessive matting of their hair coat. There were clumps along the back and hips and numerous twists of the hair along the sides, legs and ventral area. The owner had begun shaving some of the dogs, however, the matted hair has been present for a period of time as indicated by the amount of matting and the severity of it. Matted, twisted hair can pull at the skin and cause discomfort and possible injury to the skin. The condition of the underlying skin under matted hair cannot be observed nor treated. Matted, twisted hair cannot insulate the dog for protection from the sun and temperature. The owner must ensure that the matted hair is removed. The owner must have a regular schedule of grooming to prevent matted hair.

Excessive
matting
back
hips
numerous
twists
on
legs-
sides
ventral
area.

A female Yorkshire Terrier (m/c 051-833-555) had matted tufts and twists of hair along the back legs and hips. Male Yorkshire Terrier (m/c 075-850-572) had thickly matted clumps of hair over most of the hair coat. Maltese (m/c 082-304-052) had twist of hair on the back legs and hips. Yorkshire Terrier (m/c 051-801-866) had thick twists of hair on the back and sides. Female Yorkshire Terrier (m/c 461-941-5519) had clumps and twists of hair on the hips, sides and back. Female Yorkshire Terrier (m/c 462-63D-5D0) had clumps and twists of hair on the hips, sides and back.

TO BE CORRECTED BY: 8 OCTOBER, 2014

3.1

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(e) Storage

***Inside the whelp building was an unopened bag of dog food lying on the cement floor. Also in this area was shaved hair, spilled food and other debris. Food that is stored in an area with dirt, debris and other contaminants could become contaminated and lose nutritional value. The owner must store food in a manner that protects the supplies from spoilage, contamination, and vermin infestation. The supplies must be stored off the floor and away from the walls, to allow cleaning underneath and around the supplies. Foods requiring refrigeration must be stored accordingly, and all food must be stored in a

Food
stored
near
debris,
shaved
hair
spilled
food

Prepared By:

KATHRYN VERNON, A C I

KATHRYN VERNON, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 5041

Date:

Sep-30-2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Sep-30-2014

Title:



Inspection Report

Patricia Ann Holiman
20 Peacock Ln
Buffalo, MO 65622

Customer ID: 40650

Certificate: 43-A-5164

Site: 001

PATRICIA ANN HOLIMAN

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Aug-13-2015

3.1 (c) (3)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(c) Surfaces. (3) Cleaning.

***In the sheltered facility housing six adult dogs, the floors, walls and doors (interior and exterior) of the primary enclosures and the air conditioner had a build up of dirt and grime. There were at least four enclosures that did not have dogs in them at the time of inspection and had not been cleaned since the dogs were moved a couple of days ago. Cleaning of hard surfaces is essential for a healthy environment and reduces disease hazards by eliminating harboring places for diseases and pests. The licensee must remove the dust, dirt and grime from these areas and make sure that all hard surfaces are cleaned and sanitized as required.
To be corrected by August 20, 2015.

dirt
grime
opened
sack
of
food
opened
trash

3.1 (e)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(e) Storage.

***In the sheltered facility, there was a sack of opened food on the floor by the entrance. Opened food creates an opportunity for pests, vermin and moisture to contaminate the food. The licensee must place the opened food in a container with a tight fitting lid and assure that food is stored appropriately as required.
To be corrected August 20, 2015.

3.1 (f)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

(f) Drainage and waste disposal.

***In the sheltered facility, there was a sack of opened trash leaning up against the puppy enclosures. Trash that is not contained in a leakproof container with a tight fitting lid attracts pests which increase the risk of disease to the animals. The licensee must assure that all items of trash are stored as required at all times.
To be corrected by August 20, 2015.

Prepared By:

BEVERLY HICKS, A C I

BEVERLY HICKS, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 5051

Aug-17-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Aug-17-2015



Inspection Report

Brandon Hough
Tina Hough
6015 S W Hwy K
Osceola, MO 64776

Customer ID: 12434

Certificate: 43-B-3601

Site: 002

BRANDON & TINA HOUGH

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jul-14-2015

3.11 (d)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

Sec. 3.11 Cleaning, sanitization, housekeeping, and pest control.

(d) Pest control.

**** There is an over abundant level of flies present around the second building and the outside pens affecting approximately 30 dogs. The over abundant flies can expose the dogs to disease. The facility must provide a more stringent pest control program.

To be corrected by: 08-15-2015

over
abundance
of
flies

Inspection and Exit interview conducted with facility representative.

Prepared By:

DAVID COURTRIGHT, A.C.I.

DAVID J COURTRIGHT, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4042

Date:

Jul-14-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jul-14-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Chris Kauffman
13754 245th St.
Moulton, IA 52572

Customer ID: 330325

Certificate: 42-A-1476

Site: 001

Chris Kauffman

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jun-24-2015

2.40 (b) (1)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

The last recorded site visit by the attending veterinarian was on 10/29/13. Good communication and consultation between the licensee and the attending veterinarian in the form of a written program of veterinary care and regularly scheduled visits to the premise are necessary for the health of the animals. The licensee must schedule a site visit with the attending veterinarian.

To be corrected by: July 3, 2015.

Exit interview conducted with facility representative.

*
Last
recorded
vet
visit
2 years
prior.

Prepared By:

CORBIN RANSLEM, A.C.I.

CORBIN L RANSLEM, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6079

Date:

Jun-24-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Jun-24-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Eli A. Miller
Hill Top Kennel
4385 Audrain Road 165
Clark, MO 65243

Customer ID: 31281

Certificate: 43-A-5541

Site: 001

ELI MILLER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jul-07-2015

3.11 (d)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

Pest Control.

***The outdoor portion of the facility with 32 dogs had several of the dogs observed scratching. The following dogs were given a closer observation which revealed them to be heavily infested with fleas; Pugs #0A02265243, #0A02302065, #0A02303314, and Beagles #0A02264679, #0A02266054. The licensee was unaware the dogs had fleas, and was currently not using any product to control the fleas. Fleas can transmit diseases and cause discomfort to the dogs. The licensee must establish and maintain an effective program of pest control so as to promote the health and well being of the animals.

To be corrected by: July 10, 2015.

* Dogs heavily infested with fleas

The veterinary care from the July 15, 2014 report has been addressed.

Inspection and exit interview were conducted with the licensee and Chad Proctor ACI.

Prepared By:

CHAD PROCTOR, A C I

CHAD PROCTOR, A. C. I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6044

Date:

Jul-08-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jul-08-2015



Inspection Report

Judy Latham
Judy's Cuties
163 Latham Lane
Gainesville, MO 65655

Customer ID: 42632

Certificate: 43-A-5306

Site: 001

JUDY LATHAM

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Feb-04-2015

2.40 (b) (2)

DIRECT NCI

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

An adult female French Bulldog (Sweetie Pie, M/C# OA1272452C) had skin and ear conditions that needed veterinary care. Both hind legs had missing hair on the front and inside portions of the legs from the hocks to the toes. The skin in these areas was red and thickened. The dog's abdomen was slightly reddened with patches of skin that were rough and thickened. The dog repeatedly scratched her abdomen during the inspection to the point of producing blood next to one test. The dog also repeatedly shook her head. Inspection of the ears revealed crusty, blackish material inside the ears, with the right ear being more severely affected. The licensee stated that the skin condition had been present for months, but not treated by a veterinarian. The ear condition was examined by a veterinarian in July, 2014 and the owner treated the ears for 3 weeks with an otic solution as prescribed by the veterinarian. However, the owner had not recognized that the ear condition had returned and was not treating the ears. Untreated medical conditions can worsen, can be painful, and may be contagious to other dogs in the kennel. The licensee must have this dog examined by a veterinarian. The licensee must keep records of the diagnosis, treatment, and follow-up care and must make these records available to the inspector upon request. If the animal's condition does not resolve during treatment or returns, the licensee must consult a veterinarian for further evaluation and treatment.

THE DOG MUST BE EVALUATED BY A VETERINARIAN BY FEBRUARY 12, 2015.

The inspection and the exit briefing were conducted with the licensee.

Hind
legs
missing
hair
from
hocks
to-toes
Skin
thickened
& reddened

Ears
contained
Crusty
Black-
material

Prepared By:

KONNIE PLUMLEE, DVM

KONSTANZE PLUMLEE, D.V.M. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title: VETERINARY MEDICAL OFFICER Inspector 6031

Date:

Feb-09-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Feb-09-2015

Title:



Inspection Report

Jean Hoban
Kute & Kuddly K-9'S
1555 Co Rd 2641
Lamar, AR 72846

Customer ID: 6703

Certificate: 71-A-0640

Site: 001

Jean Hoban

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: May-08-2014

2.40 (b)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

In the nursery building there are two fourteen week old English Bulldog puppies and in the new house there is an adult Pug which needs to be evaluated by the attending veterinarian. The puppies, no ID, were previously evaluated and treated but one still has a red rash on the under belly and the other is leaking matter from the anus area. The animals were last seen on April 9, 2014. The adult Pug named Chester, chip # 0A01554327, was recently purchased on April 5, 2014. During the inspection the animal had goopy matter on its left eye and it is red on the white area. These animals need to be evaluated by the attending veterinarian. The dealer must maintain written documentation of the evaluation and all treatment to protect their health and welfare.

Affects one adult and two puppies

Correct by May 13, 2014

3.6 (a) (1)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

On the new buildings eastern and western exterior sides there are twenty four rusted metal divider panels. On the interior of the same building there are twenty four rusted metal gates. Inside of the building there are six enclosures whose interior / exterior plastic doorway inserts are excess chewed. All rusted metal surfaces and the chewed door inserts need to be repaired or replaced and maintain to insure their structural soundness, facilitate housekeeping practices, protect the animals from injury and prevent the spread of disease.

Affects Twenty-two adults

Correct by July 8, 2014

The inspection and exit briefing was conducted with the Dealer.

puppy
has
red
rash
& is
leaking
matter
from
anus
• goopy
eye
matter
eye
red/bleed

rusted
enclosures

Prepared By:

SANDRA MEEK, A.C.I.

SANDRA K MEEK, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 4040

Date:

May-08-2014

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

May-08-2014

Title:



Inspection Report

Jean Hoban
Kute & Kuddly K-9'S
1555 Co Rd 2641
Lamar, AR 72846

Customer ID: 6703
Certificate: 71-A-0640
Site: 001
Jean Hoban

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION
Date: Jul-07-2015

2.40 (b) REPEAT ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

In the block / nursery building a adult male Pug needs to be reevaluated by the attending veterinarian. The adult Pug previously identified as Chester, chip # 0A01554327, is registered as Winchester. The animal was purchased on April 5, 2014. During the previous inspection dated May 8, 2014 the animal was identified to be evaluated by the attending veterinarian. The animal had goopy matter on its left eye and it was red on the white area. The dealer's records reflect she had the animal evaluated and treated on May 12, 2014. During this inspection the animal had matter stuck to the surface of it's same eye. The dealer did not have any written documentation of the animal receiving any further treatment then the initial vet evaluation. The animal needs to be reevaluated by the attending veterinarian. The dealer must maintain written documentation of the evaluation and all treatment to protect the health and welfare of the animal.

• Goopy
matter
on
eye -
reddened
Eyes.

Affects one adult.

3.6 (a) (1) REPEAT PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

During the last inspection on the block building's eastern and western exterior sides there were twenty-four rusted enclosure metal divider panels. On the interior of the same building there were twenty-four rusted metal gates. During this inspection the dealer stated they had painted all enclosure panels and forty-eight gates. However during this inspection ten of the same enclosure divider panels, despite prior painting, have chipped rusted surfaces which need to be repaired or replaced and maintained to insure their structural soundness, facilitate housekeeping practices, protect the animals from injury and prevent the spread of disease.

• Rusted
Enclosures

Affects twenty-one adults

During this inspection on the western side of the block building there was a divider panel of two primary

Prepared By:

SANDRA MEEK, A C I

SANDRA K MEEK, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care
Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 4040

Date:
Jul-08-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:
Jul-08-2015



Inspection Report

Dusty Road Kennel
9258 E 875 N
Odon, IN 47562

Customer ID: 329036

Certificate: 32-A-0438

Site: 001

HILLTOP KENNELS

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Jul-09-2015

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

There is a female Shihtzu #218 that has an injured left eye that is dark red in color and swollen and very bloodshot in the throughout the white of the eye, and in the center of the eyeball. There is a small circular protrusion in the center of the eye that could be a tear or possible puncture that could be the source of the injury or result. This is possibly a recent injury and had not been observed by the licensee until the inspection, and has not been treated. This same female had a large buildup of brown material on her teeth, with swollen and red gums due to inflammation. There were 2 areas on the gums where they were bleeding slightly around two teeth due to inflammation.

It is important that all injuries are identified as soon as possible and proper diagnosis and treatment is provided to decrease the pain or discomfort to the animal.

The licensee needs to contact the attending veterinarian for proper diagnosis and treatment of the eye.

To be corrected by: July 9, 2015

The licensee put a call out to the attending veterinarian by the end of the inspection.

Inspection and exit interview conducted with licensee.

dog's
eye is
dark
red
&
swollen
w/ a
small
circular
protrusion
in center
of eye.

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6022

Date:

Jul-09-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Jul-09-2015



Inspection Report

Country Kennels LLC
Country Kennels LLC
8606 E 800 N
Montgomery, IN 47558

Customer ID: 332232

Certificate: 32-A-0487

Site: 001

COUNTRY KENNELS LLC

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Apr-28-2015

2.50 (a) (2)

TIME AND METHOD OF IDENTIFICATION.

There are 5 Golden Retriever puppies 10 weeks of age that do not have any ID or cage card to identify the animals in the facility. The licensee has had the dogs for 2 weeks and has not yet entered them on his inventory or identified the animals according to AWA standards and regulations.

It is important to provide proper identification for all regulated animals as soon as possible in the facility and to have updated records and inventory of all animals for proper management and health care records.

The licensee must provide either a tag, plastic-type collar, tattoo, microchip or cage card (up to 16wks of age) to properly identify the regulated animals in the facility.

To be corrected by: May 2, 2015

3.1 (c) (3)

HOUSING FACILITIES, GENERAL.

The majority of the walls in the outside runs surrounding the flap doors in the primary enclosures have a black/brown colored grime that has accumulated on the surface of the fiberglass. There is some buildup of brown grime on the indoor sides of the door flaps and on several of the walls inside the primary enclosure. While the facility and the enclosures are very clean and spot cleaned daily, there needs to be more scrubbing with a harder brush done on the walls to remove the grime buildup in the heavy traffic areas around the doors and inner walls. This buildup of grime prevents the enclosures from being properly sanitized after being cleaned.

A buildup of dirt or grime can hold bacteria and be a possible source of infection for the regulated animals.

The licensee must increase the scrubbing of the walls and doorways to prevent the buildup of oily grime and dirt on the surfaces inside the enclosures.

To be corrected by: May 2, 2015

Majority of runs in c/d shelters have black/brown colored grime

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6022

Date:

Apr-28-2015

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Apr-28-2015



Inspection Report

Daniel Ryan
Evelyn Ryan
56891 150th Ave.
Lucas, IA 50151

Customer ID: 19543

Certificate: 42-A-0931

Site: 001

DANIEL & EVELYN RYAN

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: May-05-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

A male Coton ("Ike", 101 074 310) has a thick buildup of a brown/tan material on the cheek teeth on both sides of his mouth. The material has completely encased the cheek teeth and their shape is no longer identifiable. The material is also covering nearly the entire surface of the upper front teeth and canine teeth. There is a white creamy substance along the gum line of the cheek teeth on the right side of the mouth. The gums have become moderately reddened. Poor dental health can cause pain and discomfort as well as lead to further health complications.

The licensee must have this dog evaluated by a licensed veterinarian for proper diagnosis and treatment plan. The diagnosis and treatment plan must be documented and available to the inspector upon request. The licensee must ensure that all dogs receive adequate veterinary care at all times.

A correction date of May 12, 2016 was verbally communicated to the licensee during the exit interview.

3.4 (b) (3)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

The shelters in the outdoor beagle enclosures have no wind or rain breaks at the entrance doors. Wind and rain breaks are necessary in order to ensure that the dogs can escape inclement weather and remain dry. There are eight dogs housed in these enclosures. The licensee must provide a wind and rain break at the front of all shelters within the dog enclosures. The licensee must ensure that all shelters have a wind and rain break in order to promote the dogs' health and well-being.

Correction date: June 05, 2016

3.4 (c)

OUTDOOR HOUSING FACILITIES.

In the open building, the fronts of the shelters are covered in plywood. The enclosures had been recently washed out and the plywood appeared damp. There is a green organic material on the lower half of several of the pieces of plywood. The licensee stated that the shelters were constructed of treated

thick brown-tan buildup on both sides of cheek teeth shape of teeth no longer identifiable white creamy substance along gumline gums reddened

KELLY MAXWELL, A C I

Prepared By:

KELLY J MAXWELL, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6080

May-09-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Title:

May-09-2016



Inspection Report

plywood but they could be at least ten years old. There are at least five dogs housed in these enclosures.

There are three large outdoor enclosures housing eight beagles. Each enclosure has a shade structure made of wood and placed just above the ground. The dogs lay under the structures and are capable of climbing up on the structures. The wooden surfaces of all the structures has begun to crack in multiple areas.

One enclosure, housing four beagles, has a shelter constructed of wood. The surface of this wood has numerous small cracks and also has damage from the dogs chewing on the wood. Old, worn and damaged wood could allow moisture to be absorbed into the wood which could affect the structural integrity.

Building surfaces that are in contact with the animals must be impervious to moisture. The wood surfaces must be altered in a manner that makes them impervious to moisture. The licensee must ensure that all wood structures and surfaces are kept in good repair and remain impervious to moisture.

Correction date: June 05, 2016

3.6 (a) (2) (x)

PRIMARY ENCLOSURES.

In the "training pen" there is a smaller enclosure that the dogs have access to. The enclosure sits up off the ground and the flooring is constructed in sections. One section has come loose and has left a gap in the flooring that is large enough for a dog's leg to pass through and could result in injury to the dog. Four dogs have access to this enclosure.

hole in enclosure

Enclosures must have floors that are constructed in a manner that protects the dogs' feet and legs from injury and does not have openings large enough for the dogs' feet to pass through. The licensee must replace, repair, or alter the floor in a manner that will not allow the animals' feet and legs to pass through. The licensee must ensure that all enclosures are safe for the dogs at all time.

Correction date: May 19, 2016

3.11 (c)

CLEANING, SANITIZATION, HOUSEKEEPING, AND PEST CONTROL.

There are three large outdoor enclosures housing eight beagles. There is a large amount of grass and weeds growing through all the fencing of the enclosures. The grass in some areas has grown higher than the beagles. In the "training pen" the grass, brush and weeds are so high that it completely covers the beagles and the dogs cannot be seen. The lower half of the fencing of the "training pen" is unable to be seen as it is covered in weeds and grass. There are four beagles contained within the "training pen". Overgrown grass, weeds, and brush can inhibit adequate observation of the animals, the enclosure and the enclosure fencing as well as attract vermin and other pests.

overgrown grass weeds higher than dogs

Prepared By: KELLY MAXWELL, A C I

KELLY J MAXWELL, A.C.I. USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Date:

Title: ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR Inspector 6080

May-09-2016

Received By: (b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Date:

Title: May-09-2016



Inspection Report

Weeds, grasses and shrubbery on the premises must be controlled. The licensee must trim the grass, weeds and brush down to a level that allows for adequate inspection of the facility and animals and reduces the potential of attracting vermin.

Correction date: May 19, 2016

Also, located in the "training pen" is a large amount of unused and discarded materials. The materials consist of animal traps, fence panels, plastic buckets, rolls and strands of barbed wire, metal barrels and a large number of miscellaneous metal items. The majority of the unused/discarded materials are lying in a creek within the "training pen". During the inspection the dogs were observed to be running across the items in the creek. The unused/discarded materials could cause injury to the dogs as they move across and around them.

Discarded
materials
in
training
pen

Premises must be kept free of accumulations of trash, junk, waste products and discarded materials. The licensee must remove all unused/discarded materials from the "training pen" in order to eliminate the risk of injury to the dogs. The licensee must ensure that all enclosures and premises are kept free of unused materials in order to eliminate the injury risk to the dogs.

Correction date: July 05, 2016

Exit interview conducted with Kelly Maxwell, ACI and the facility representative.

Prepared By:

KELLY MAXWELL, A C I

Title:

KELLY J MAXWELL, A.C.I.

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6080

Date:

May-09-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

May-09-2016



Inspection Report

Abraham L. Graber
Levi Wagler
8676 E 300 N
Montgomery, IN 47558

Customer ID: 323232

Certificate: 32-A-0425

Site: 001

ABRAHAM GRABER & LEVI WAGLER

Type: ROUTINE INSPECTION

Date: Mar-15-2016

2.40 (b) (2)

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN AND ADEQUATE VETERINARY CARE (DEALERS AND EXHIBITORS).

There are two large Standard Poodles a Female (#42) white and Male (#31) Brown that have numerous matts all over their legs, neck, ears, feet and rib area. The matts are very thick and plate like in appearance. The matts come right down to the skin in several areas, however there is no skin damage or pinching of the skin at this time. The matts make some movements restricted due to the location and size of the matts. The faces have been kept trimmed, however the rest of the body on both dogs need serious trimming.

Matts on dogs can cause discomfort due to the pulling of the hair against the skin for extended periods of time. The skin can become torn or infected due to moisture and infection being covered up by the matts holding the infection against the skin.

The licensee must trim both dogs, completely removing all matts anywhere on the body, face, ears, tail, legs, feet, ribs and chest and neck.

To be corrected by: March 17, 2016

Inspection and exit interview conducted with manager.

• numerous
matts
all
over
legs,
neck,
ears,
feet
& rib
area

The
matts are
pressed
against
skin.

Prepared By:

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

ANNMARIE HOUSER, A C I

USDA, APHIS, Animal Care

Title:

ANIMAL CARE INSPECTOR

Inspector 6022

Date:

Mar-15-2016

Received By:

(b)(6), (b)(7)(c)

Title:

Date:

Mar-15-2016